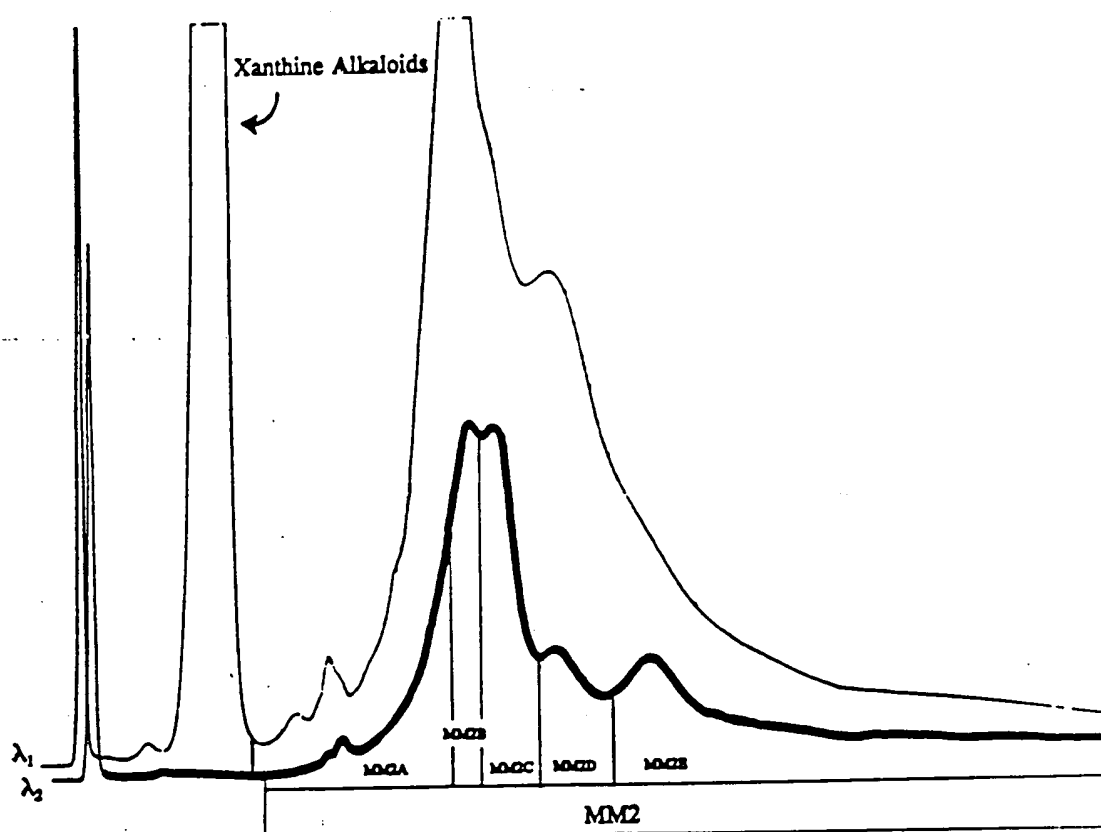


Figure 1: Gel Permeation Chromatogram of Crude Procyanidins on Sephadex LH-20



Chromatographic Conditions: Column; 28 x 2.5 cm Sephadex LH-20, Mobile Phase: Methanol/Water Step Gradient, 15:85, 25:75, 35:65, 70:30, 100:0 Stepped at 1/2 Hour Intervals, Flow Rate; 1.5 ml/min, Detector; UV @ λ_1 =254 nm and λ_2 =365 nm, Chart Speed: 0.5 mm/min, Column Load; 120 mg.

Figure 2 A: Elution Profile of Cocoa Procyanidins Extracted from UTT-1 Unfermented Cocoa

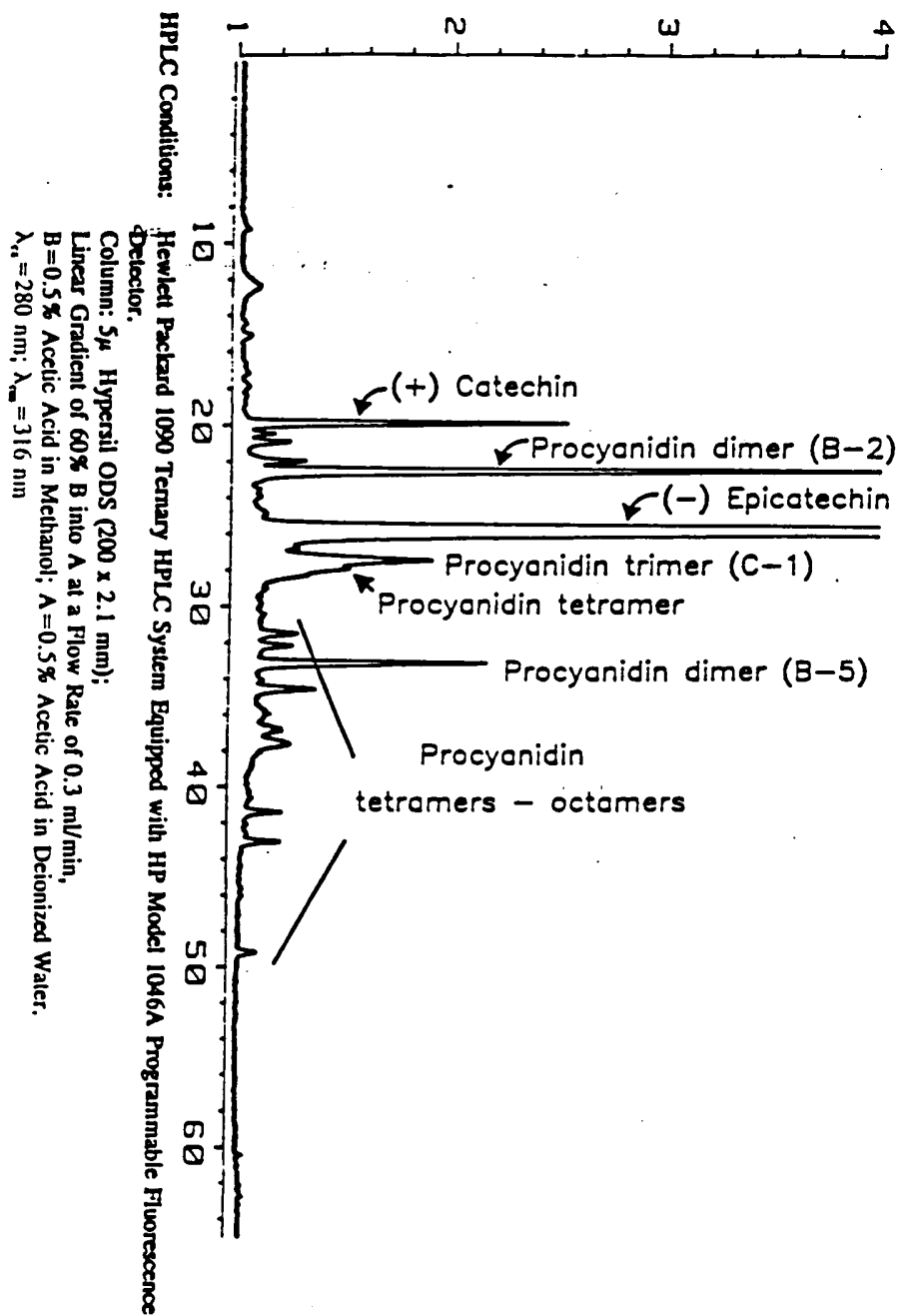
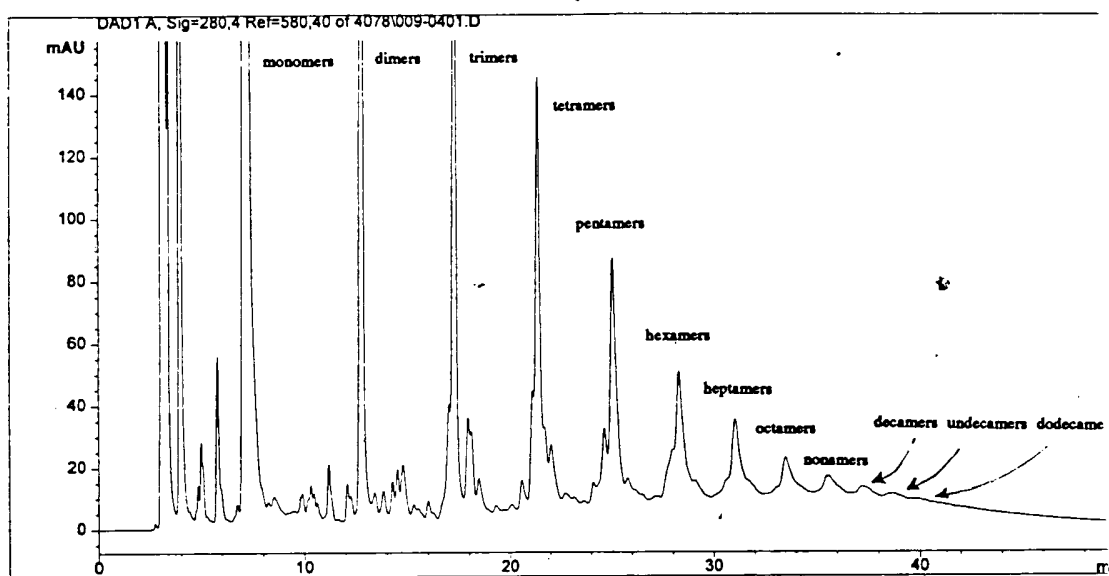


Figure 2B. Analytical Normal Phase HPLC Separation of Cocoa Procyanidins



HPLC Conditions:

250 x 3.2mm Lichrosphere 5 Silica column (5 μ)

20 x 4.6mm Supelguard LC-Si (5 μ) guard column

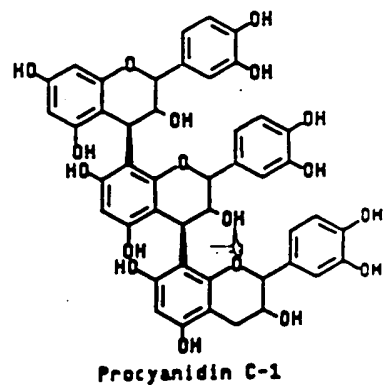
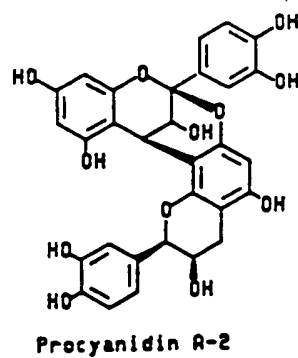
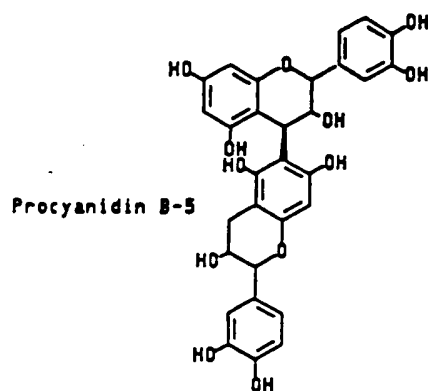
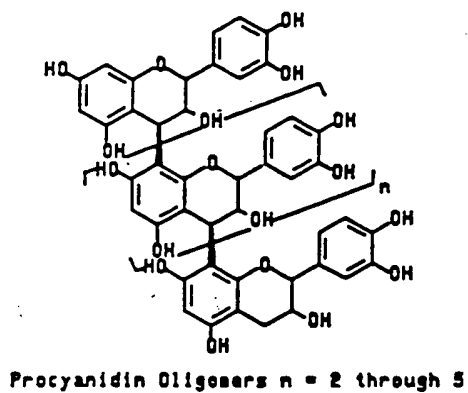
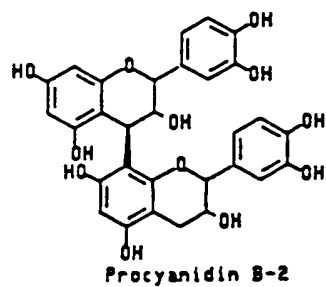
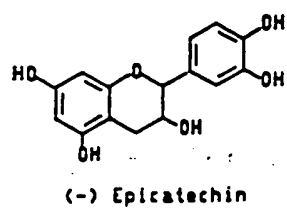
Detector: Photodiode Array @ 280nm

Gradient: Time (min.)	CH ₂ Cl ₂	Methanol	Acetic Acid/Water (1:1)
0	82	14	4
30	67.6	28.4	4
60	46	50	4
65	10	86	4
70	10	86	4

Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min

Column Temperature: 37°C

Figure 3: Representative Structures of Cocoa Procyanidins

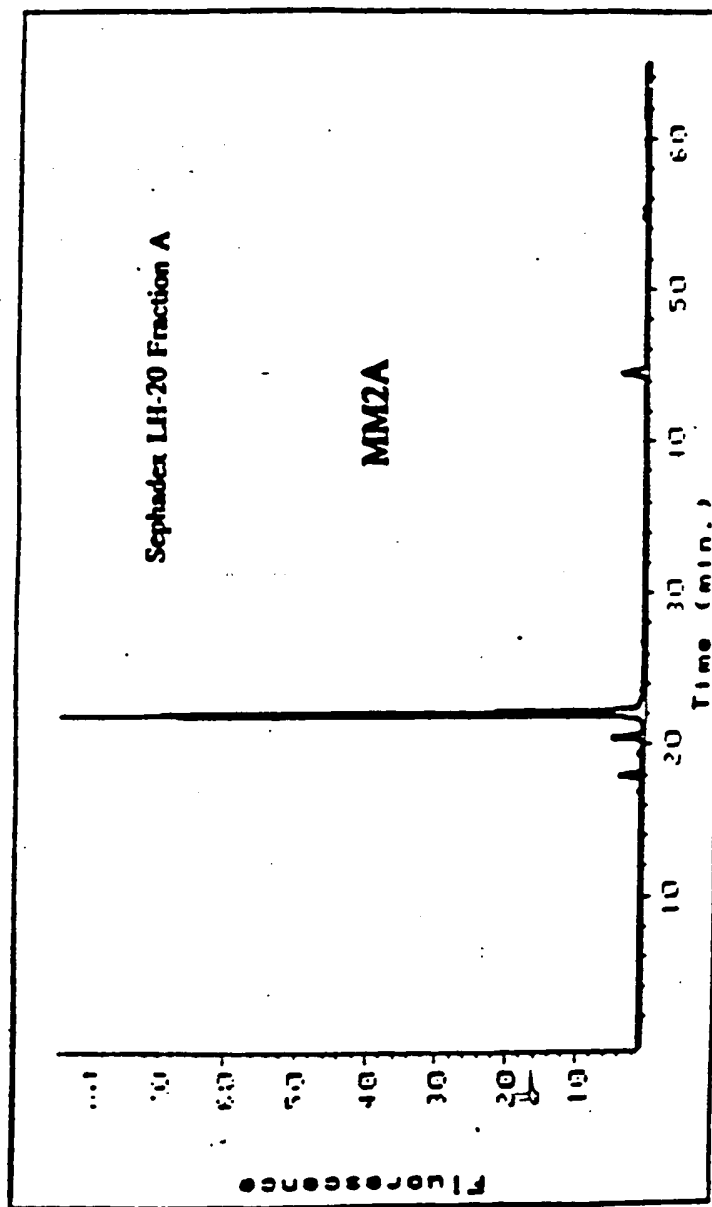


HPLC Conditions: Hewlett Packard 1090 ternary HPLC System equipped with HP Model 1046A Programmable Fluorescence Detector.

Column: 5 μ Hypersil ODS (200 x 2.1 mm)

Linear gradient of 60% B into A at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min. B=0.5% acetic acid in methanol; A=0.5% acetic acid in deionized water. λ_{ex} =280nm; λ_{em} =316nm

Figure 4A Representative HPLC Traces of Procyanidin Fraction

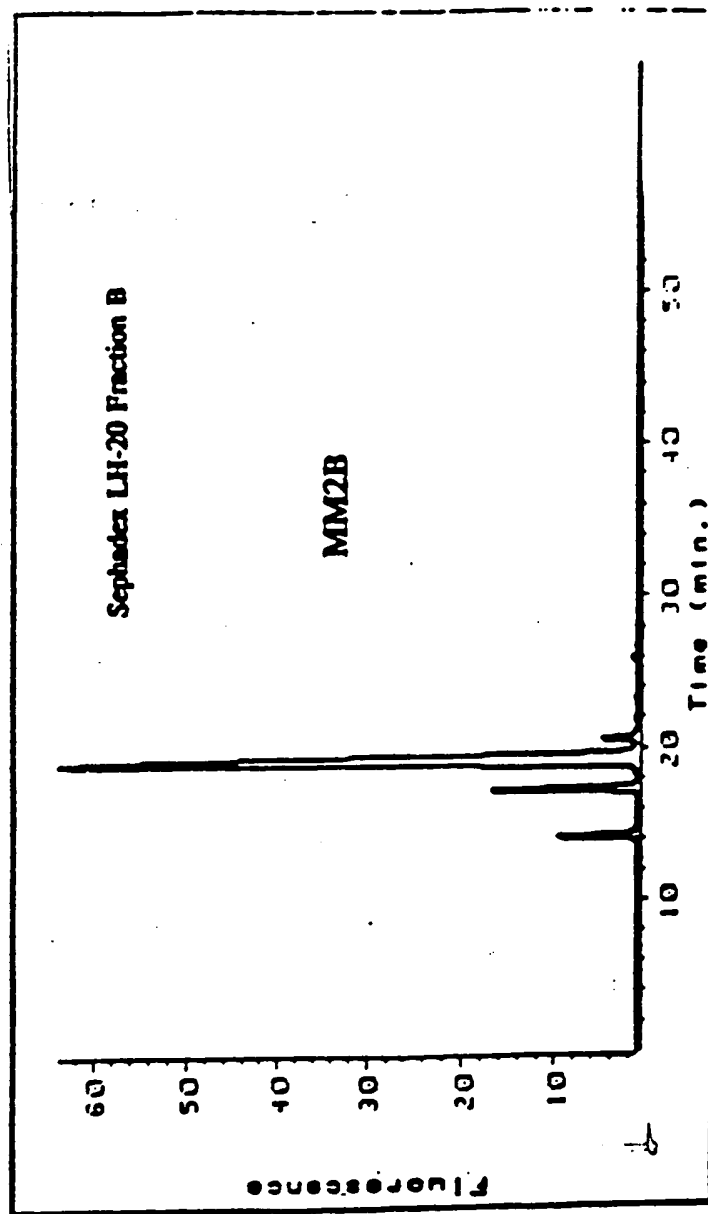


HPLC Conditions: Hewlett Packard 1090 ternary HPLC System equipped with HP Model 1046A Programmable Fluorescence Detector.

Column: 5 μ Hypersil ODS (200 x 2.1 mm)

Linear gradient of 60% B into A at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min. B=0.5% acetic acid in methanol; A=0.5% acetic acid in deionized water. λ_{ex} =280nm; λ_{em} =316nm

Figure 4B Representative HPLC Traces of Procyanidin Fractions

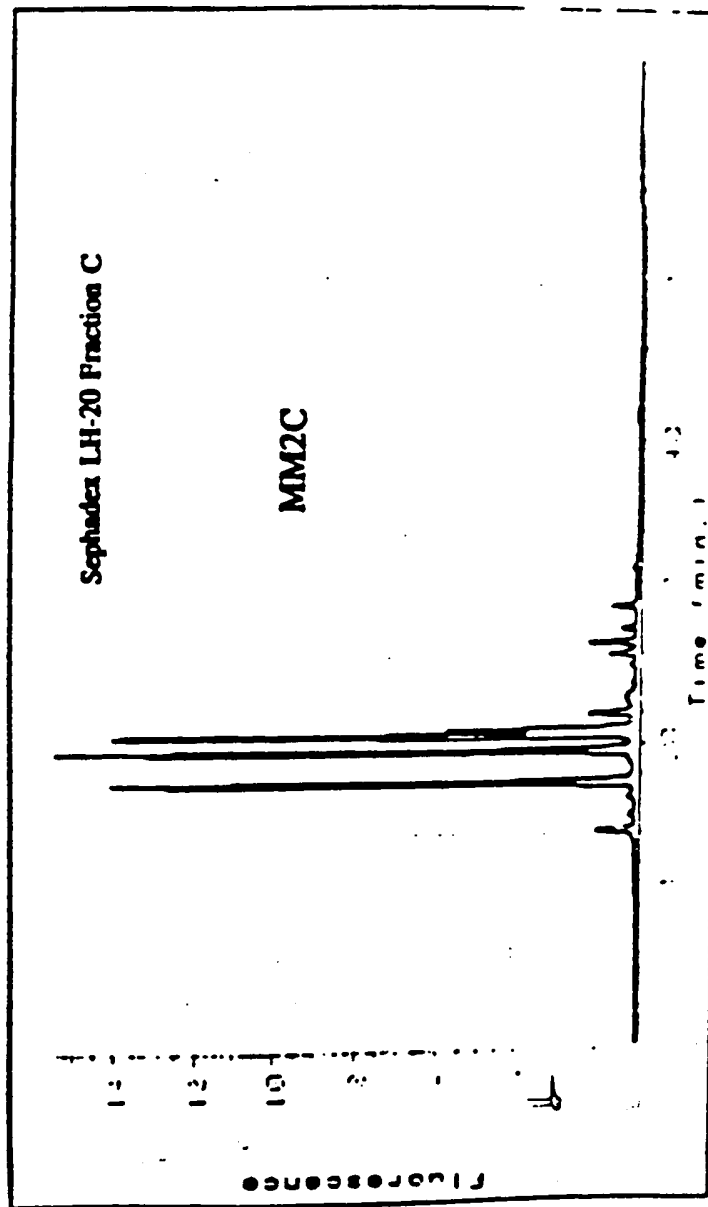


HPLC Conditions: Hewlett Packard 1090 ternary HPLC System equipped with HP Model 1046A Programmable Fluorescence Detector.

Column: 5 μ Hypersil ODS (200 x 2.1 mm)

Linear gradient of 60% B into A at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min. B=0.5% acetic acid in methanol; A=0.5% acetic acid in deionized water. λ_{ex} =280nm; λ_{em} =316nm

Figure 4C Representative HPLC Traces of Procyanidin Fractions



HPLC Conditions: Hewlett Packard 1090 ternary HPLC System equipped with HP Model 1046A Programmable Fluorescence Detector.

Column: 5 μ Hypersil ODS (200 x 2.1 mm)

Linear gradient of 60% B into A at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min. B=0.5% acetic acid in methanol; A=0.5% acetic acid in deionized water. λ_{ex} =280nm; λ_{em} =316nm

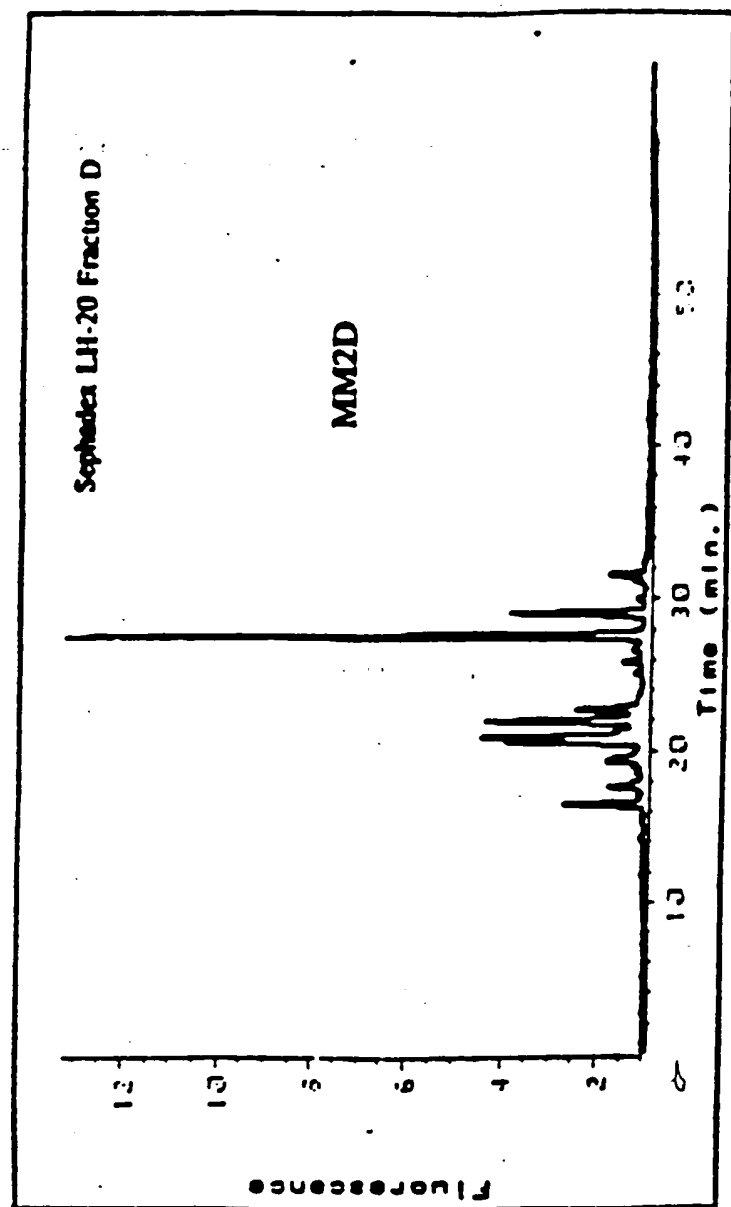


Figure 4D Representative HPLC Traces of Procyanidin Fractions

HPLC Conditions: Hewlett Packard 1090 ternary HPLC System equipped with HP Model 1046A Programmable Fluorescence Detector.

Column: 5 μ Hypersil ODS (200 x 2.1 mm)

Linear gradient of 60% B into A at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min. B=0.5% acetic acid in methanol; A=0.5% acetic acid in deionized water. λ_{ex} =280nm; λ_{em} =316nm

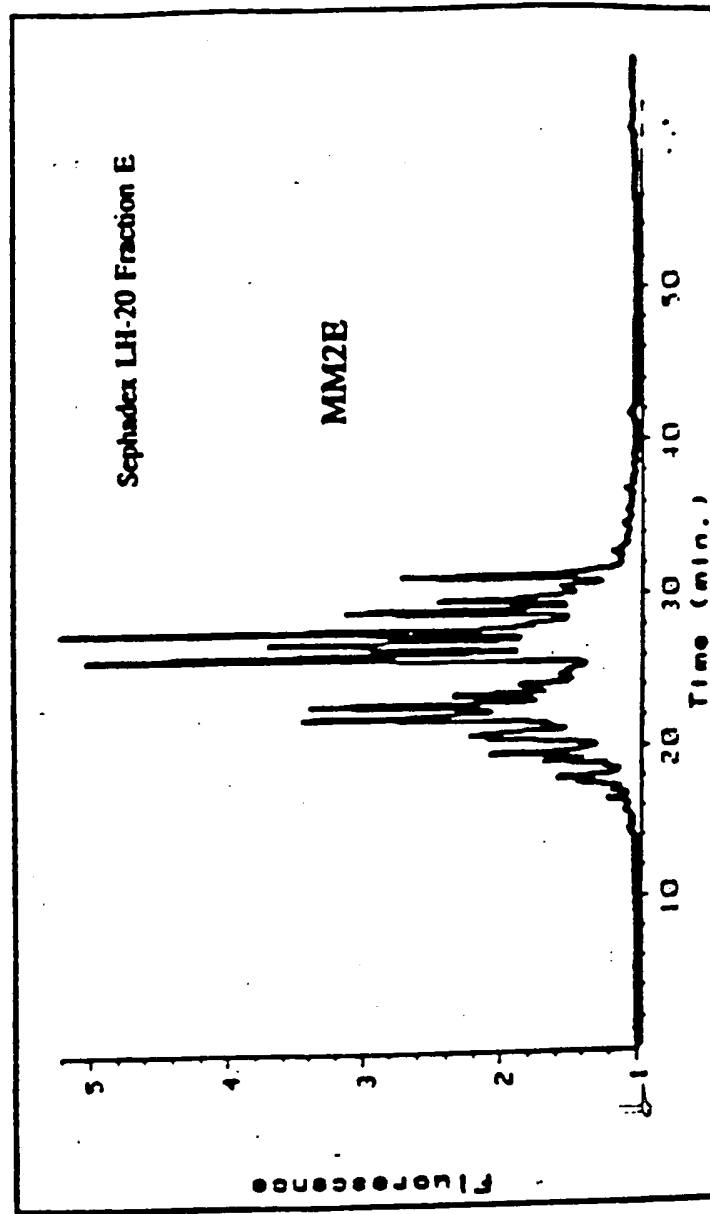


Figure 4E Representative HPLC Traces of Procyanidin Fractions

Figure 5: Dose - Response Relationship Between Amount MM2 and ACHN Survival

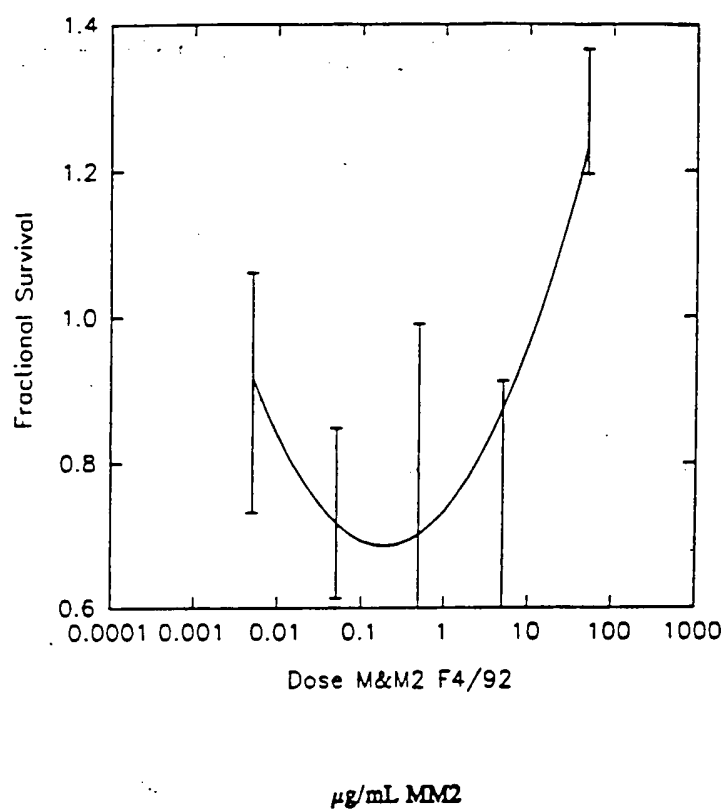


Figure 6A **Dose-Response Relationships Between Combinations of Procyanidin Fractions and PC-3 Cancer Cell Line**

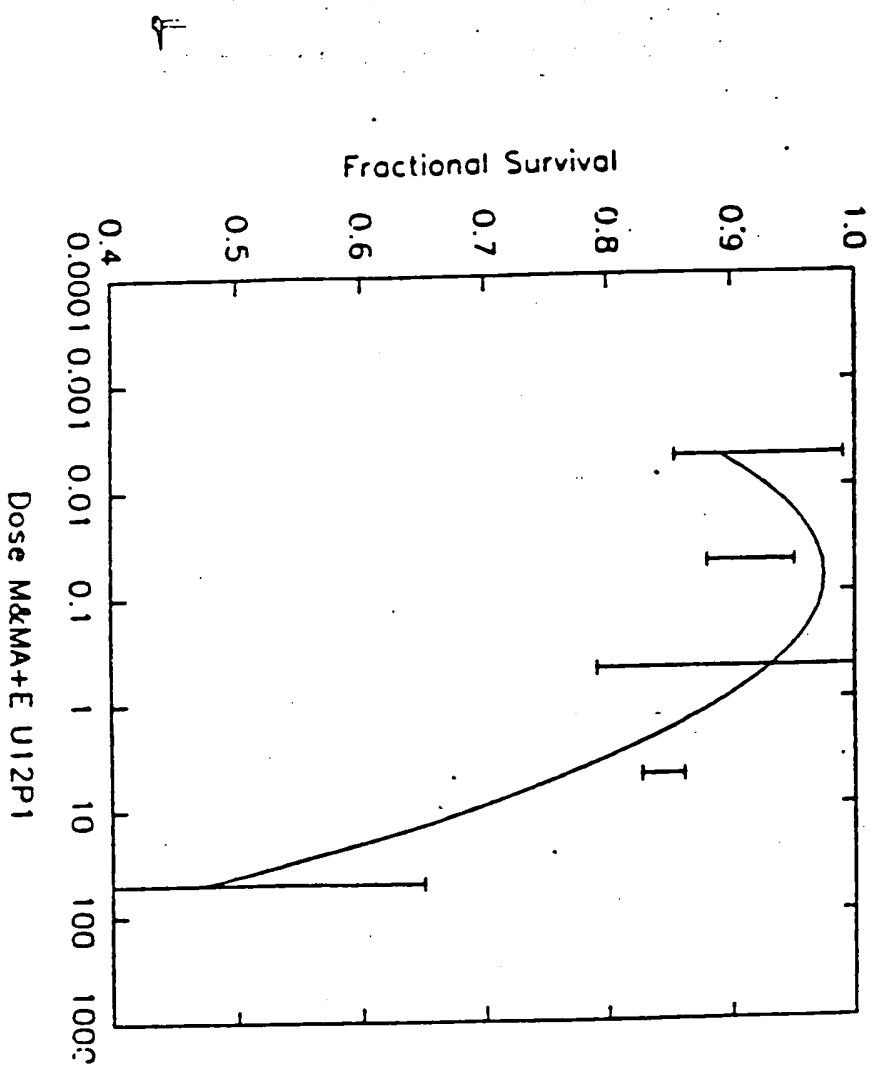


Figure 6B **Dose-Response Relationships Between Combinations of Procyanidin Fractions and PC-3 Cancer Cell Line**

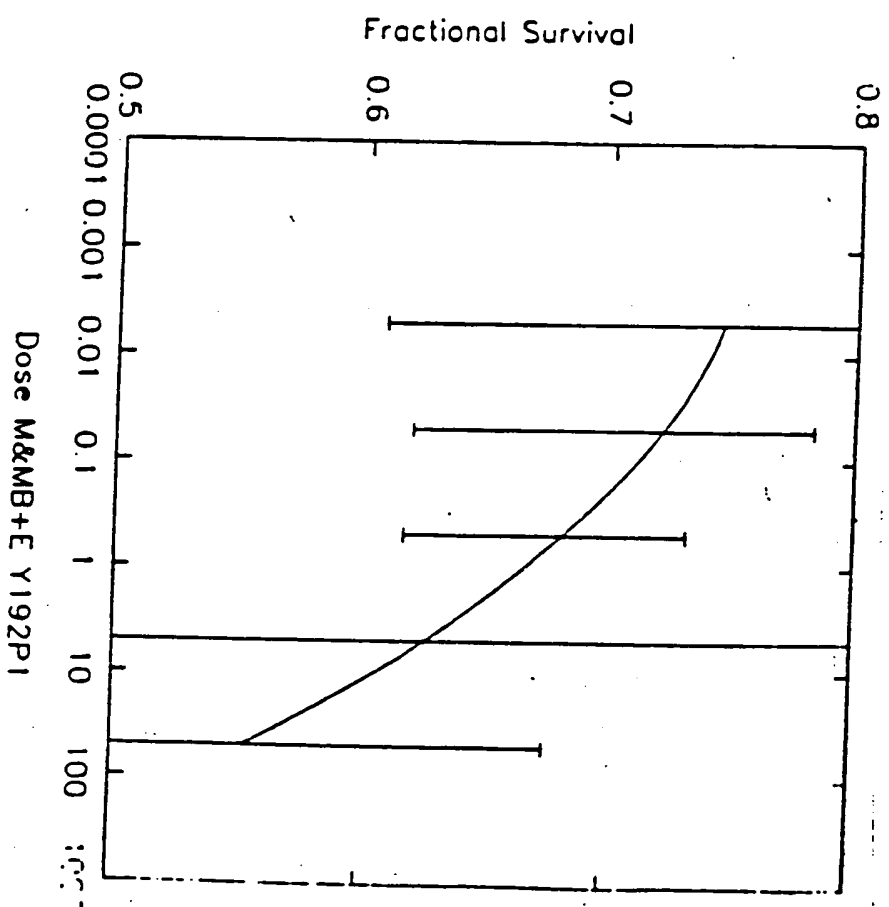


Figure 6C Dose-Response Relationships Between Combinations of Procyanidin Fractions and PC-3 Cancer Cell Line

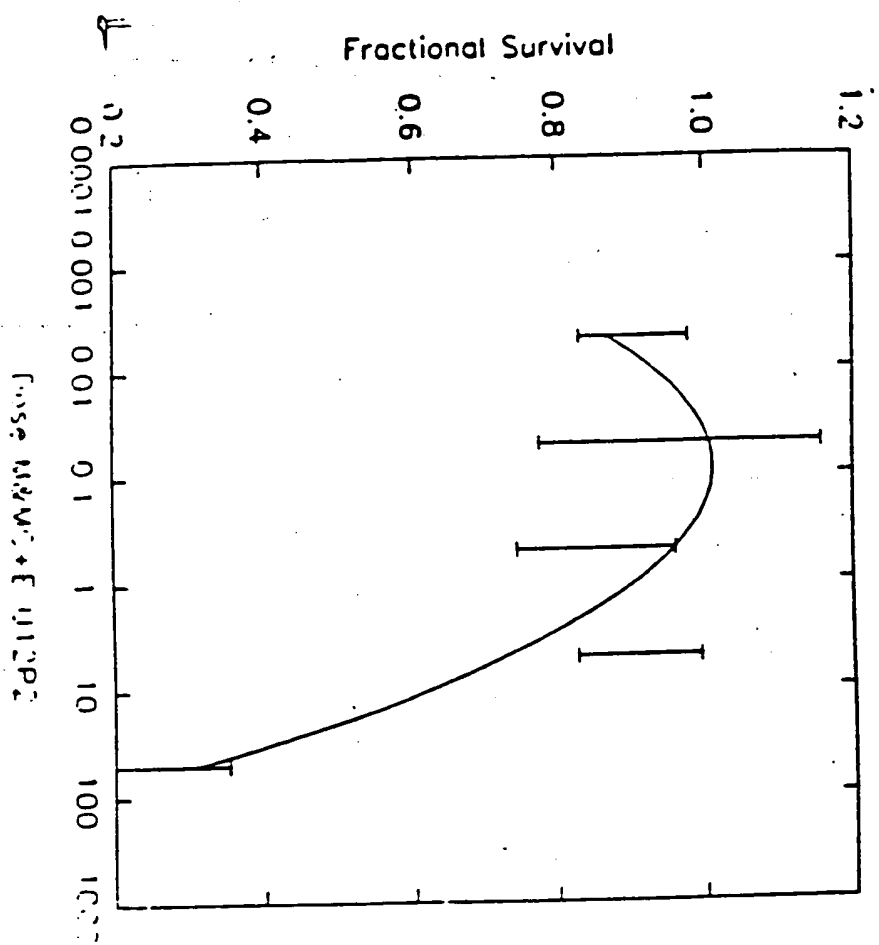


Figure 6D **Dose-Response Relationships Between Combinations of Procyanidin Fractions and PC-3 Cancer Cell Line**

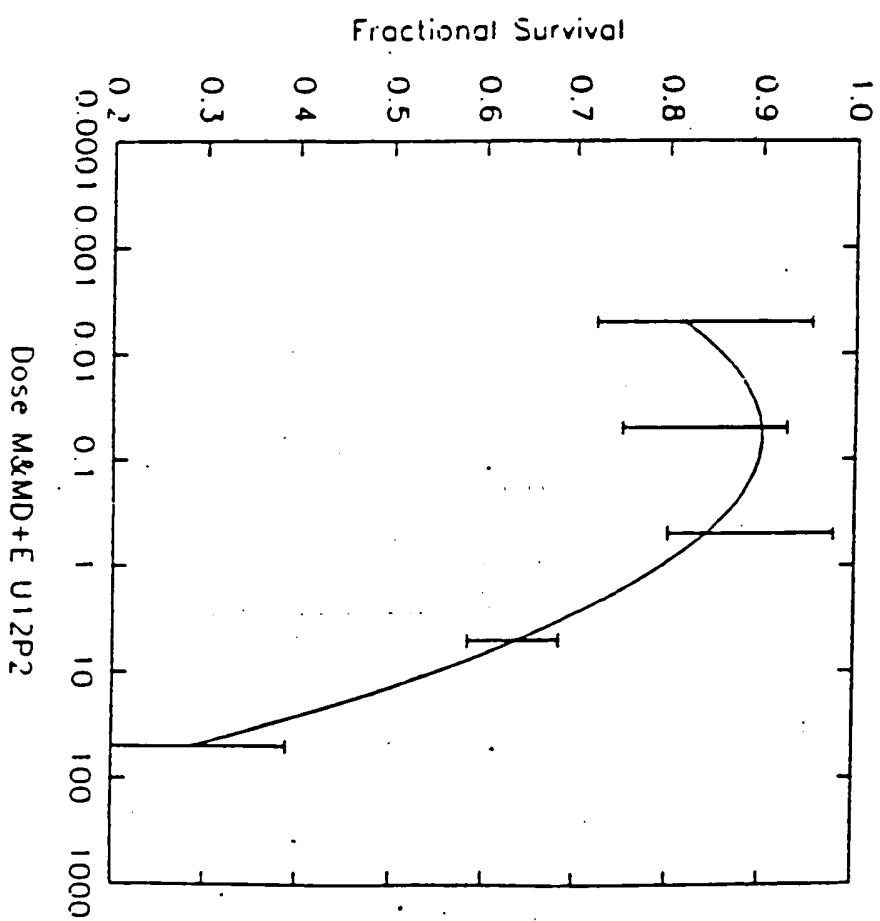


Figure 7A

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
PC-3 Prostate Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

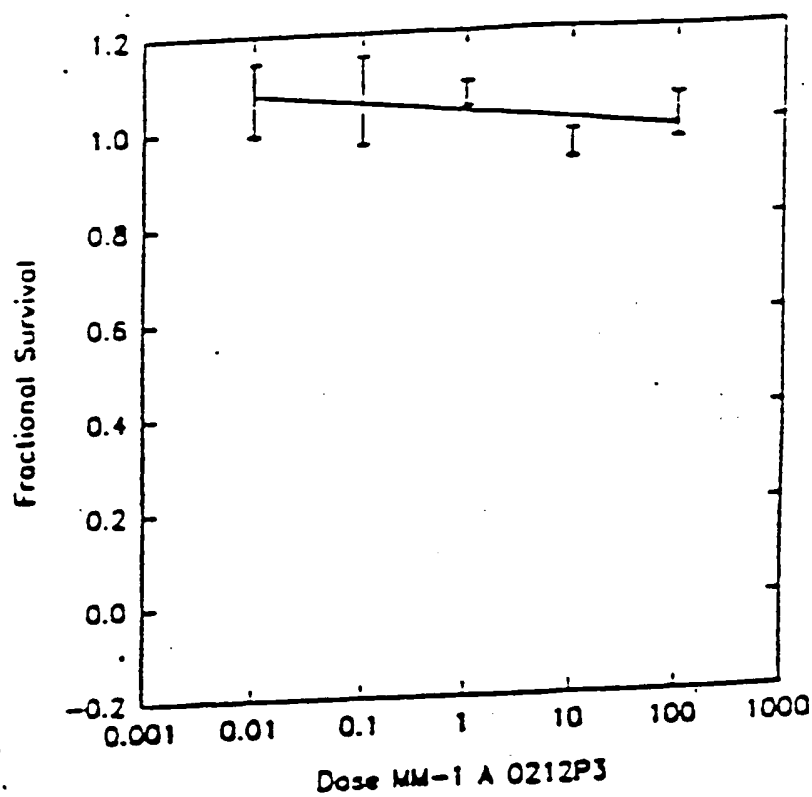


Figure 7B

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
PC-3 Prostate Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

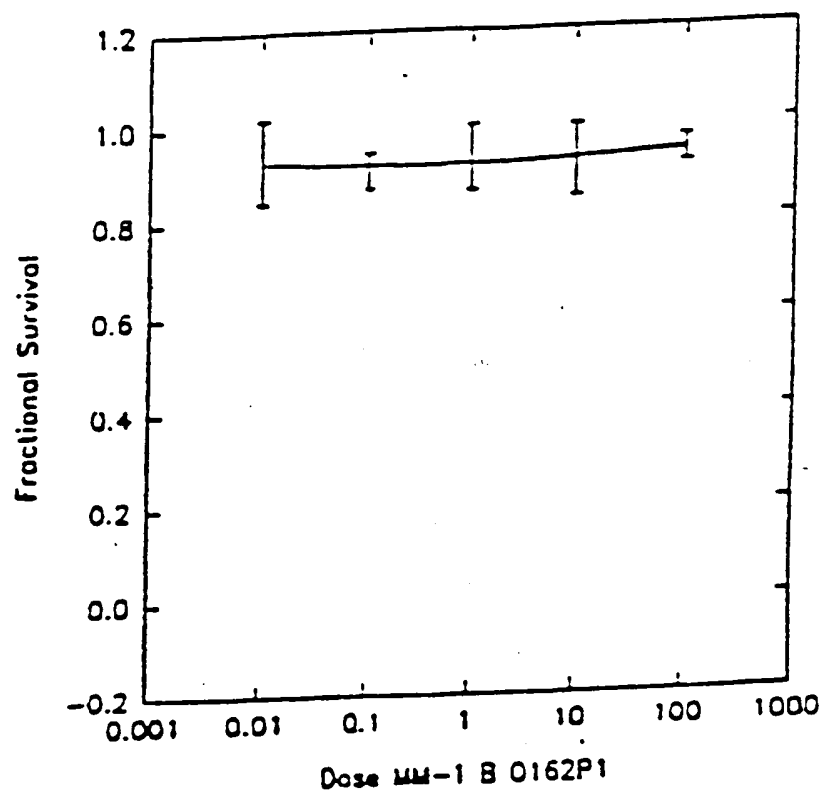


Figure 7C

Dose-Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the PC-3 Prostate Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

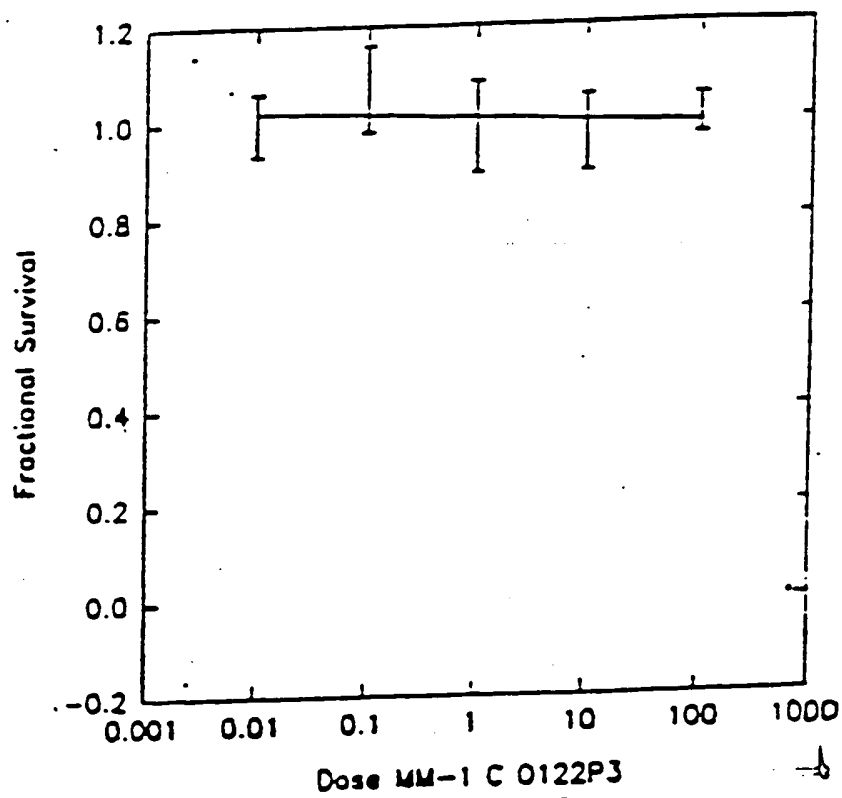


Figure 7D

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
PC-3 Prostate Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

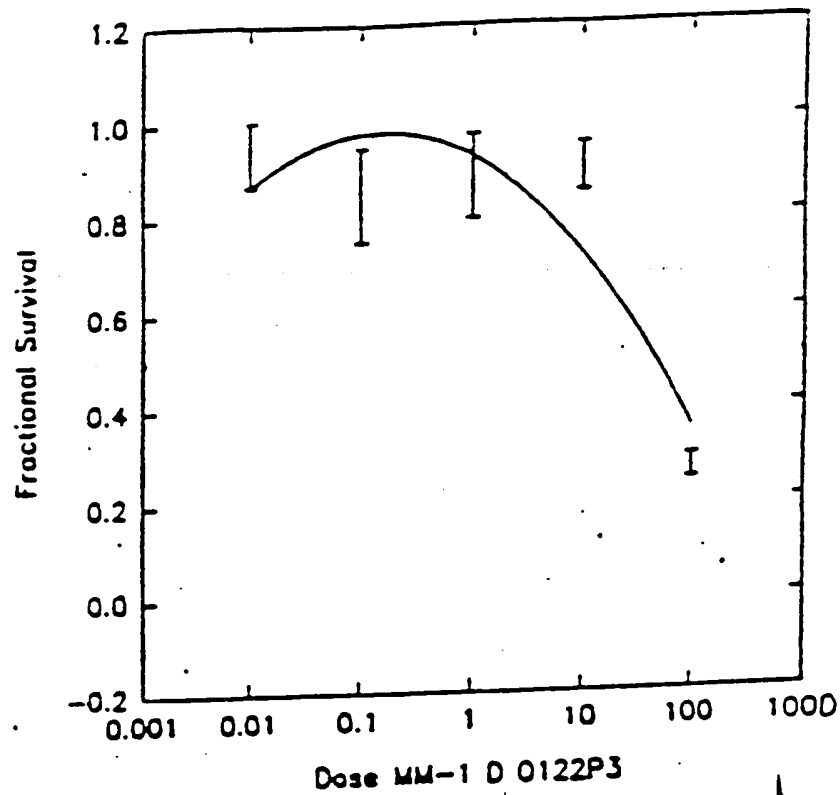


Figure 7E

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
PC-3 Prostate Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

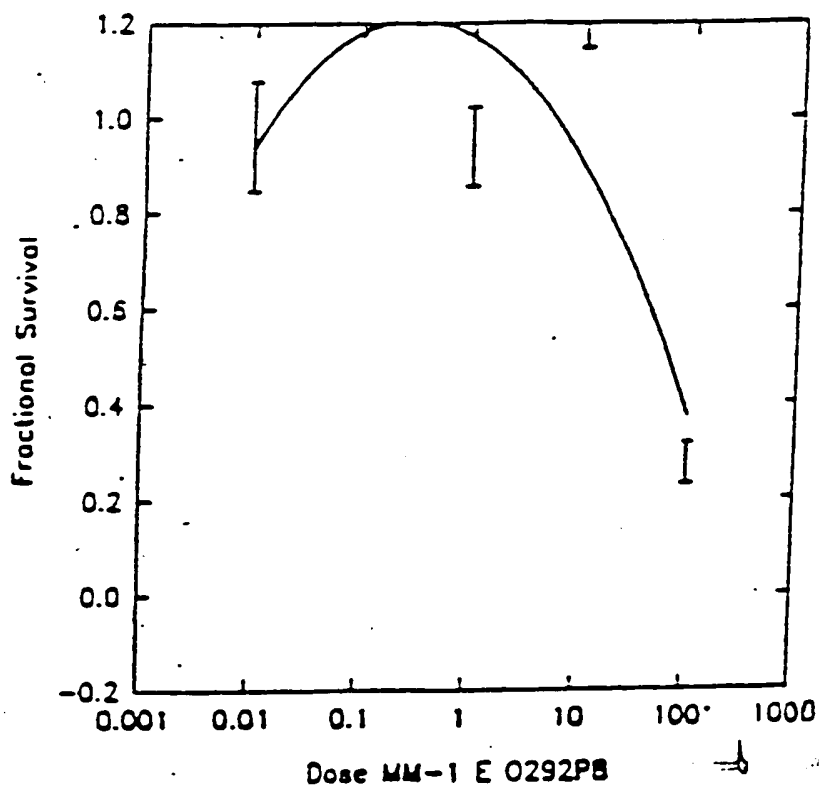


Figure 8A

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
KB Nasopharyngeal/HeLa Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

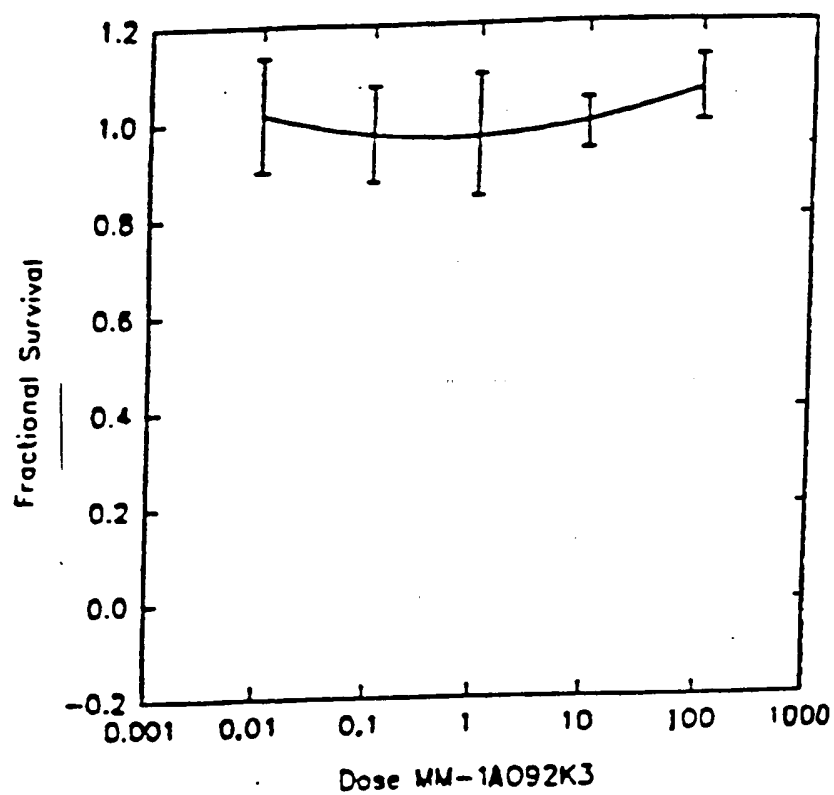


Figure 8B

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
KB Nasopharyngeal/HeLa Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

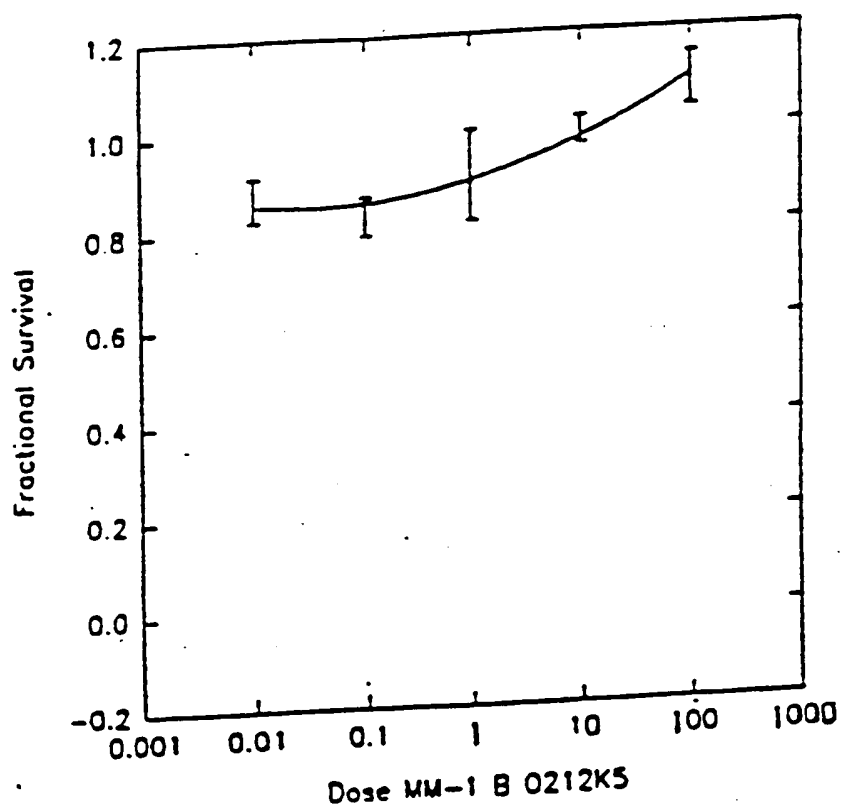


Figure 8C

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
KB Nasopharyngeal/HeLa Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

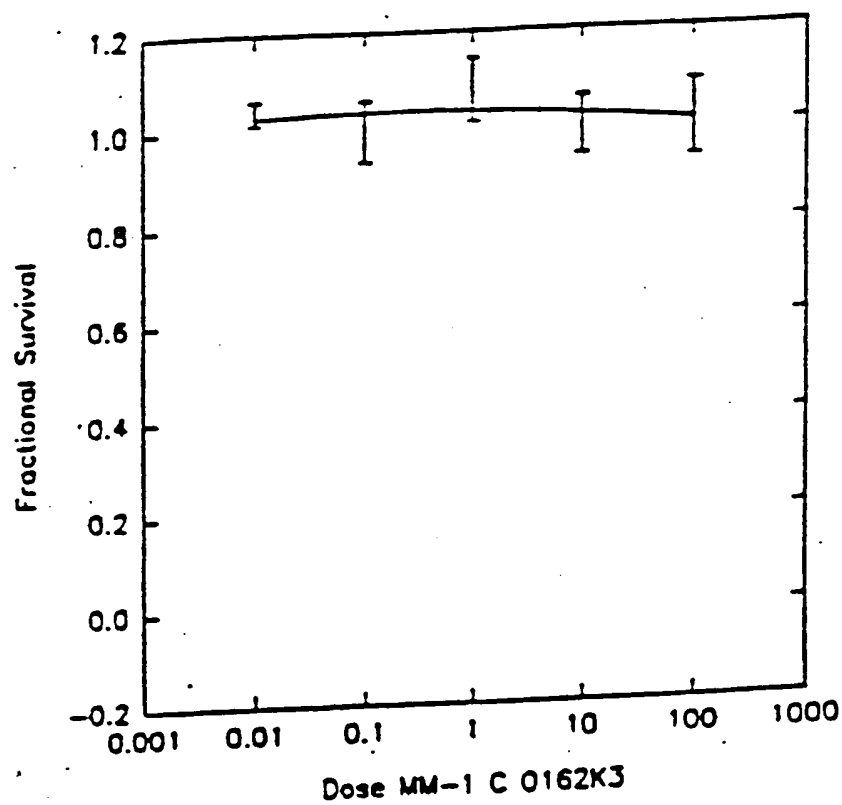


Figure 8D

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
KB Nasopharyngeal/HeLa Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

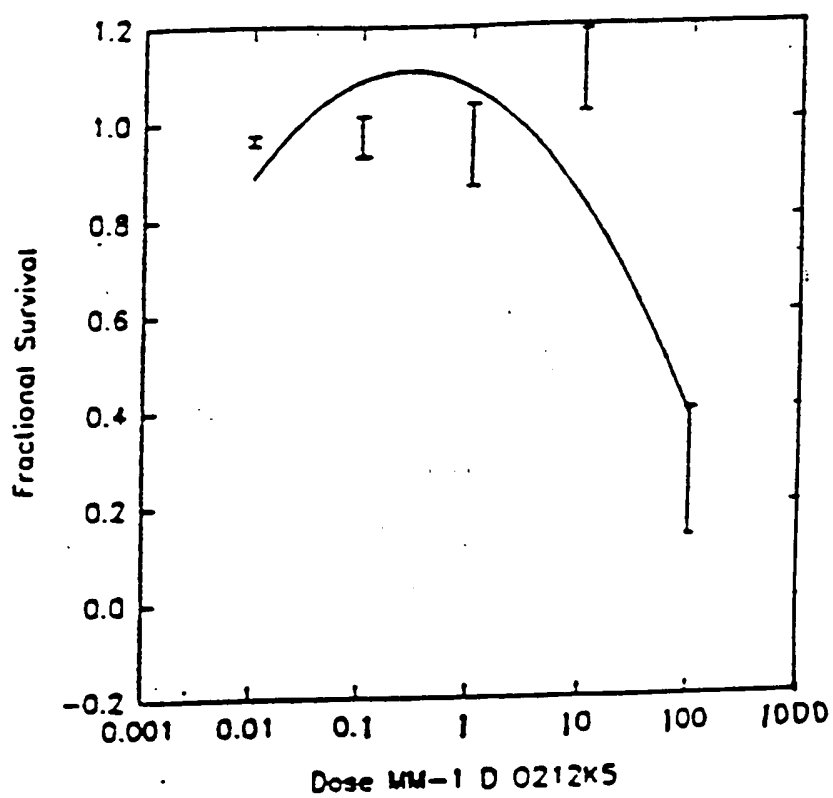


Figure 9B

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
HCT-116 Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

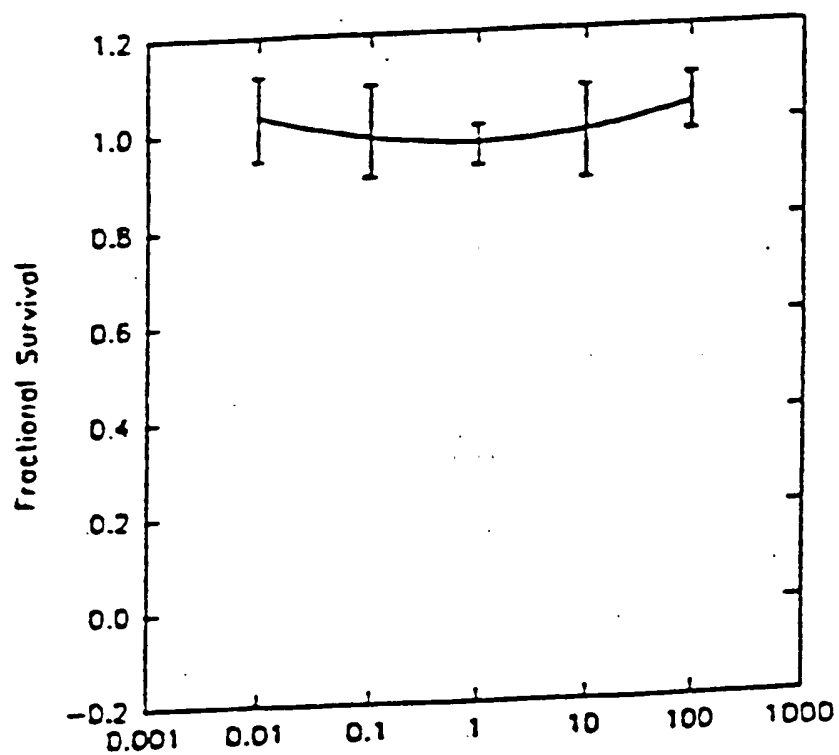


Figure 9C

Dose-Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the HCT-116 Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

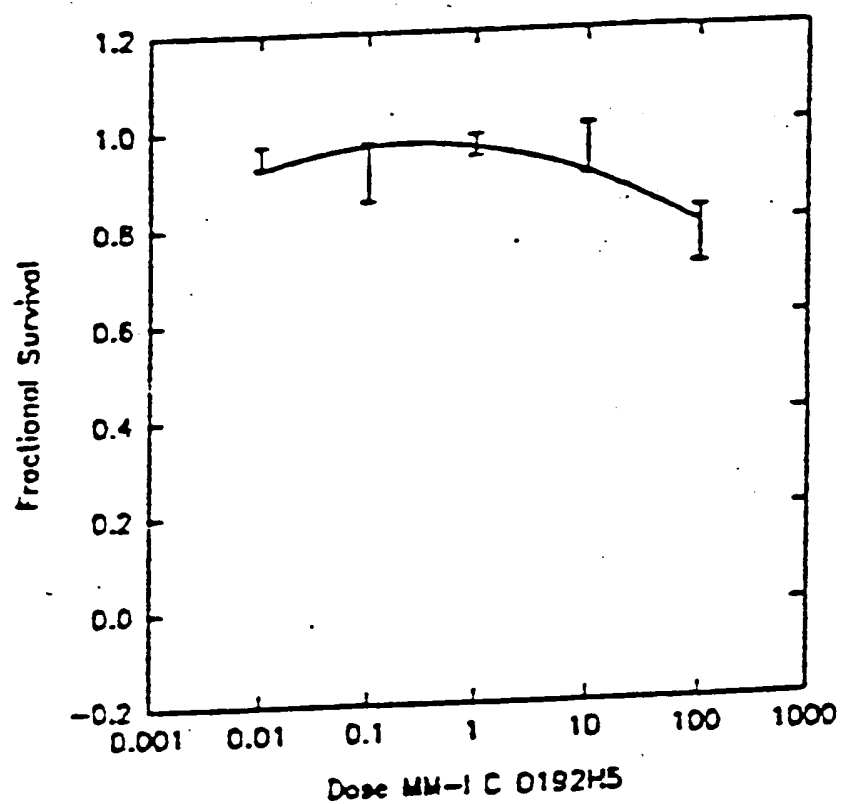


Figure 9D

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
HCT-116 Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

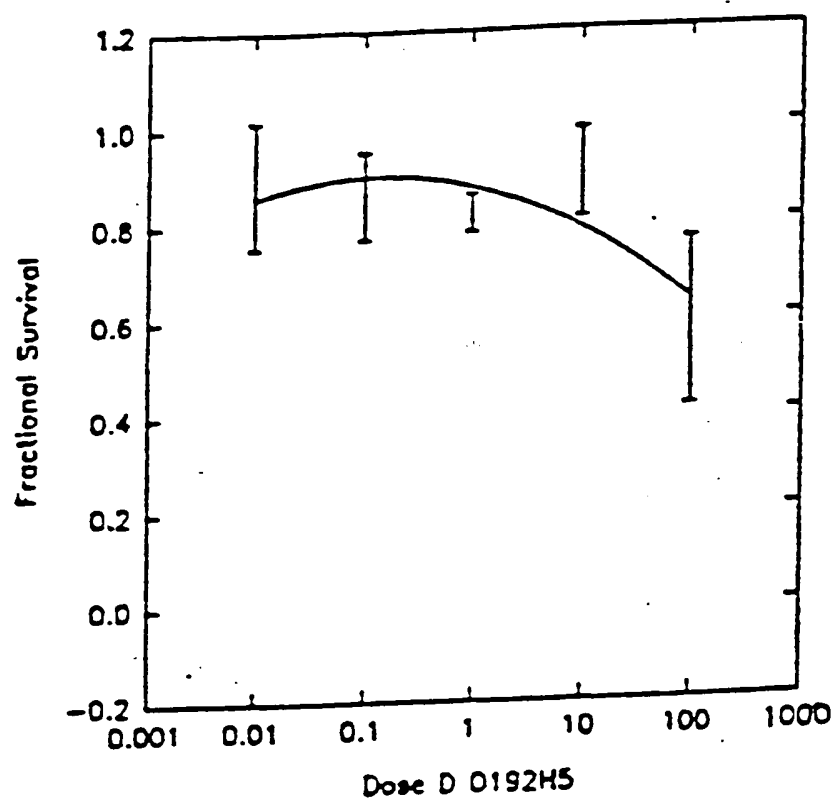


Figure 9E

Dose-Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the HCT-116 Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

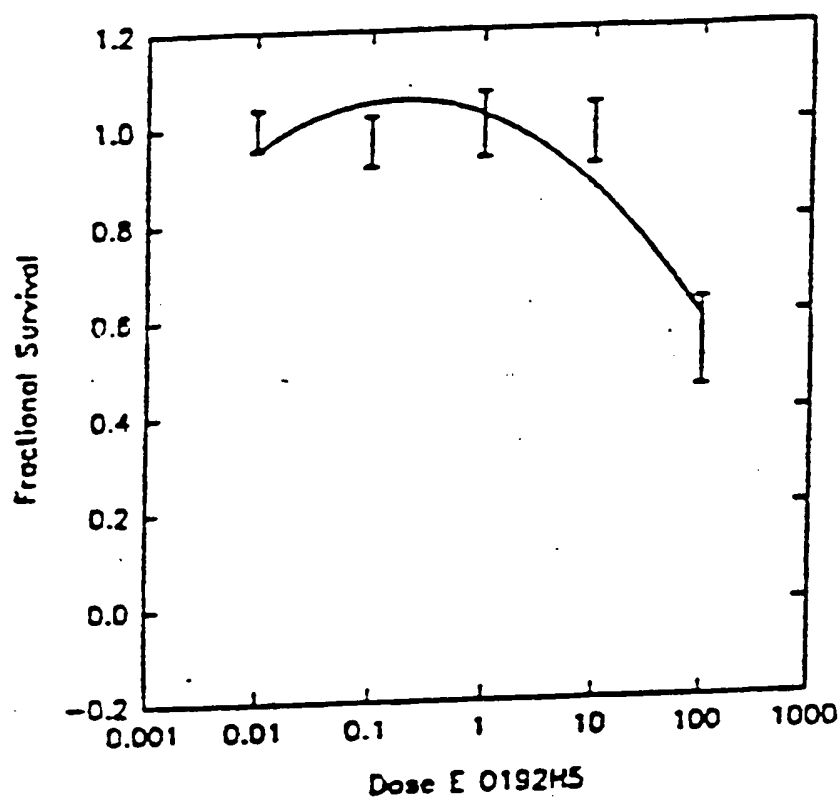


Figure 9F

Dose-Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the HCT-116 Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

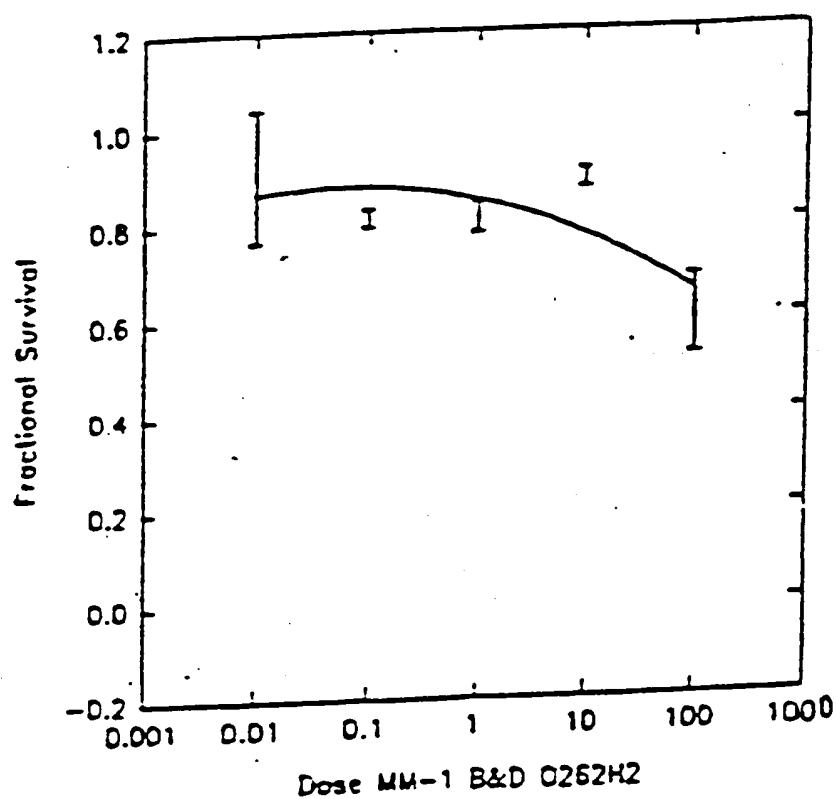


Figure 9G

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
HCT-116 Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

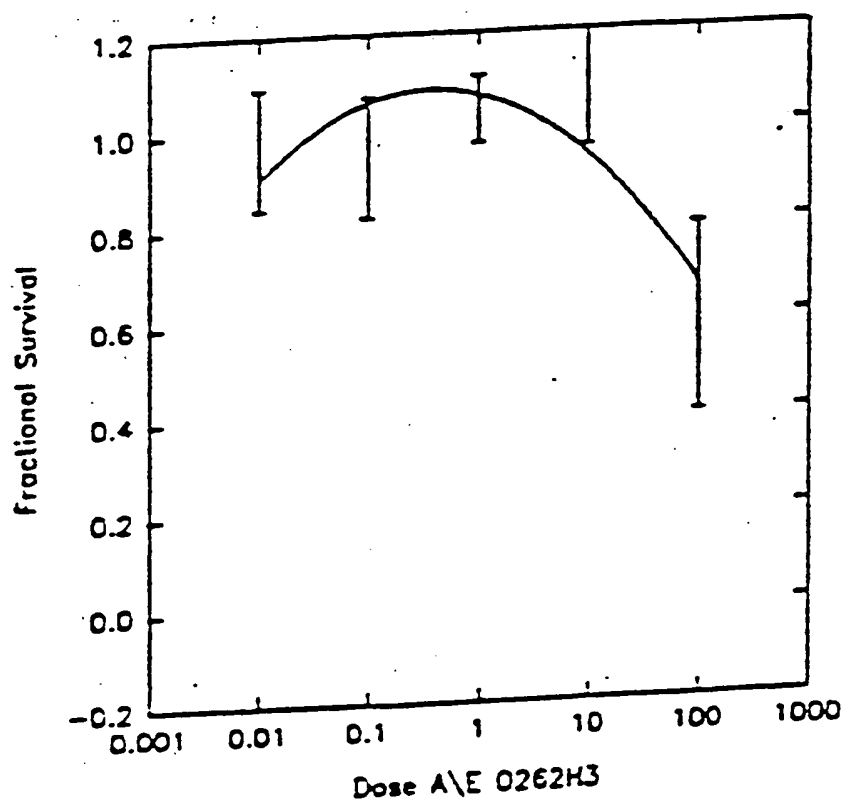


Figure 9H Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
HCT-116 Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

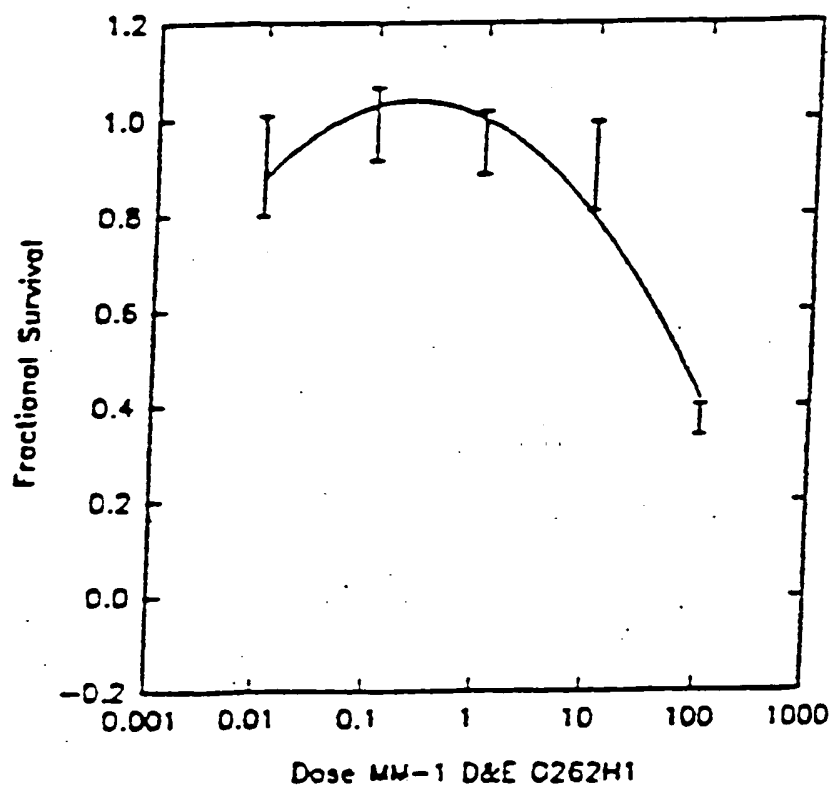


Figure 10A

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

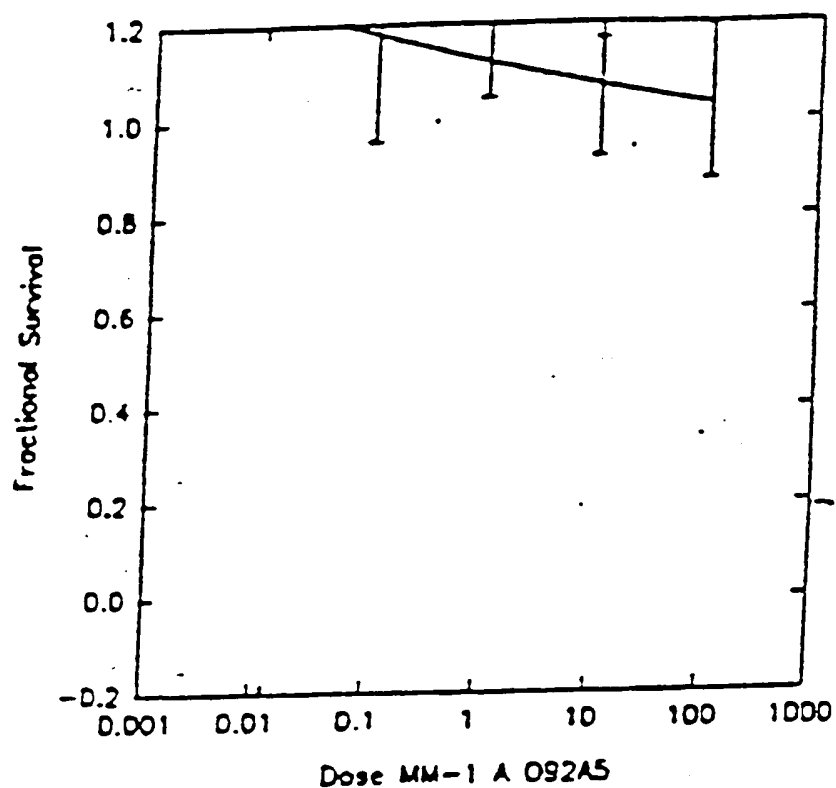


Figure 10B

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

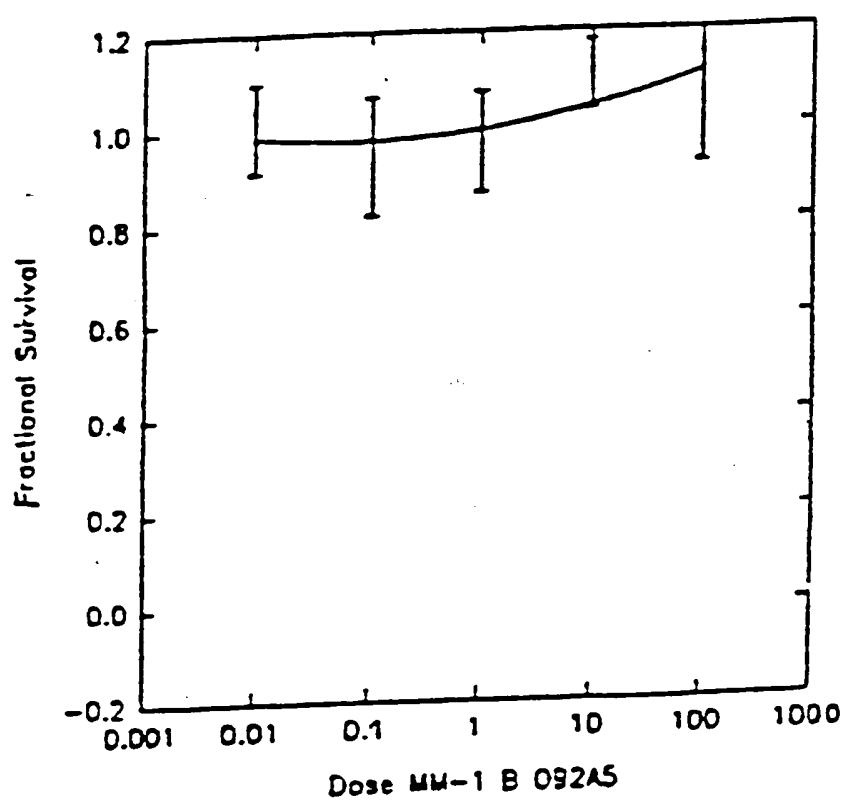


Figure 10C

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

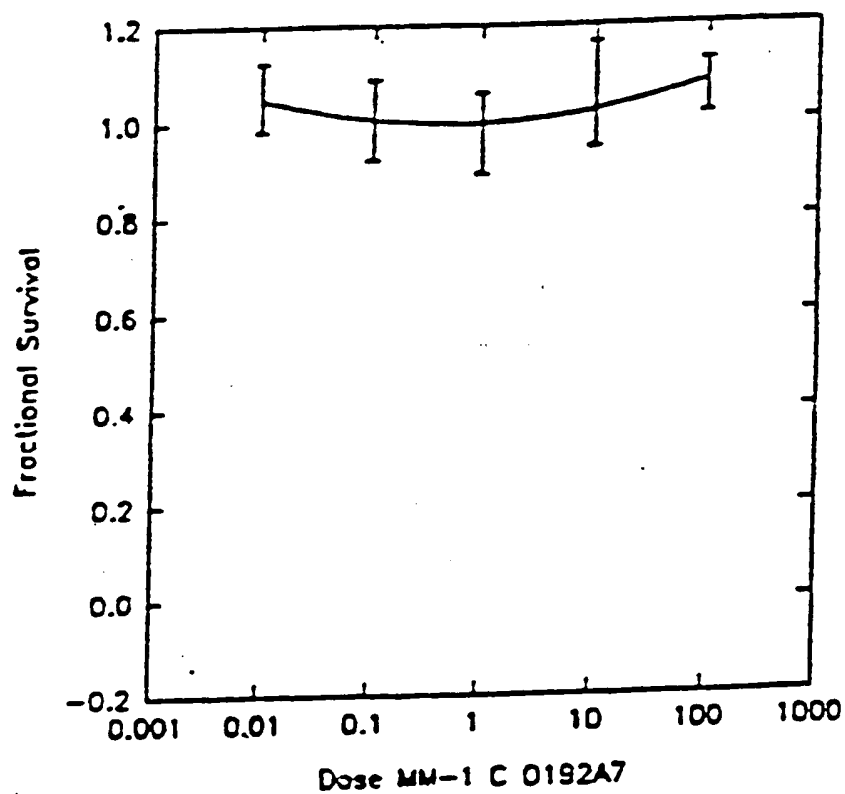


Figure 10D

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

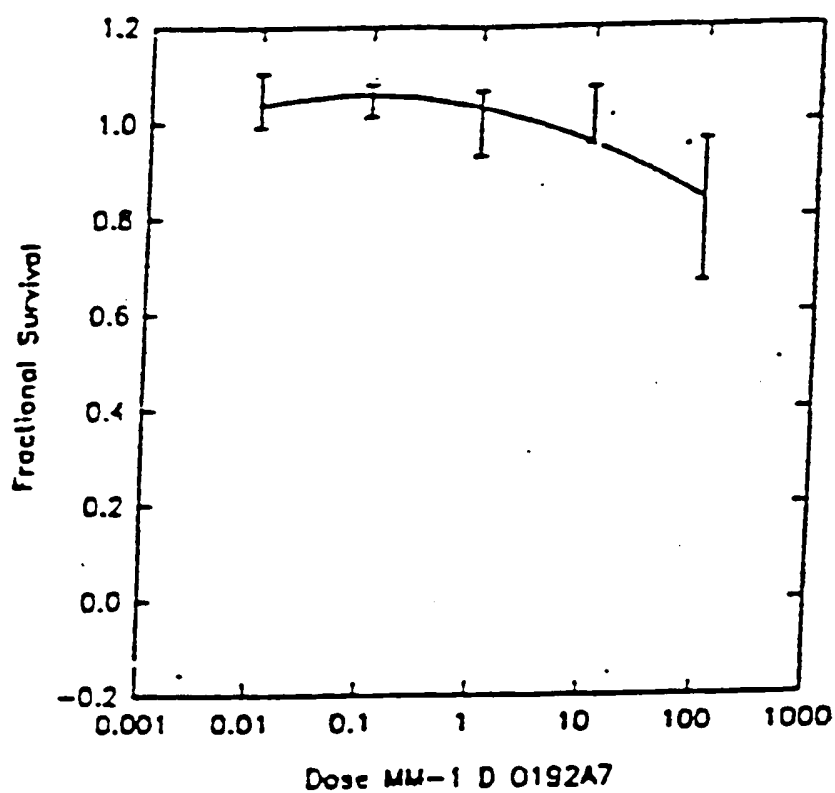


Figure 10E

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Individual Procyanidin Fractions

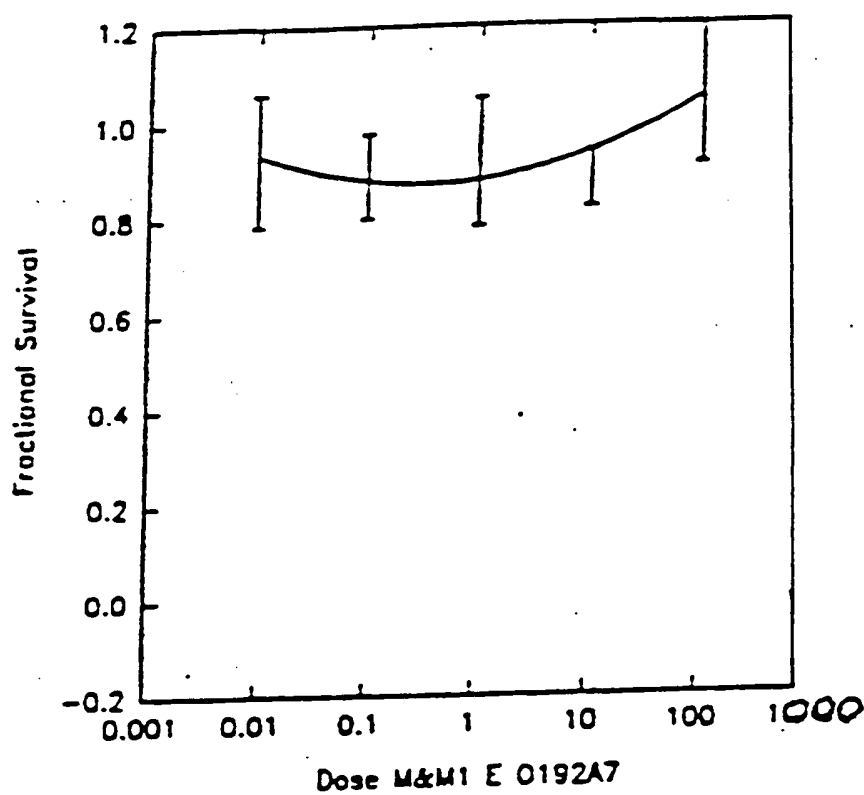


Figure 10F

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

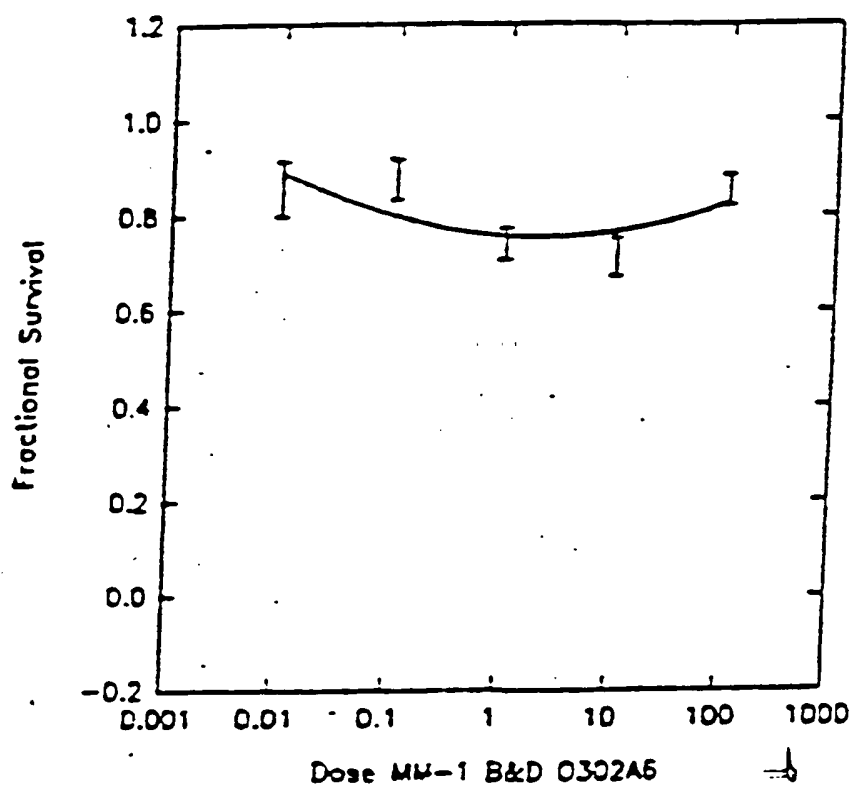


Figure 10G

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

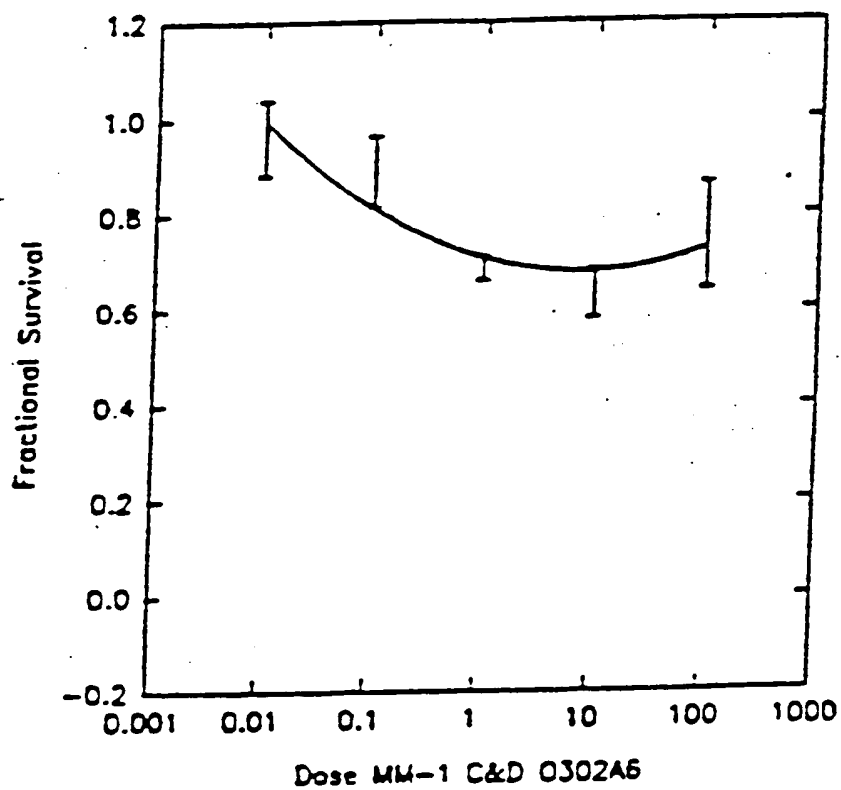


Figure 10H

Dose-Response Relationships Between
Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions and the
ACHN Renal Cell Line

Representative Procyanidin Fraction Combinations

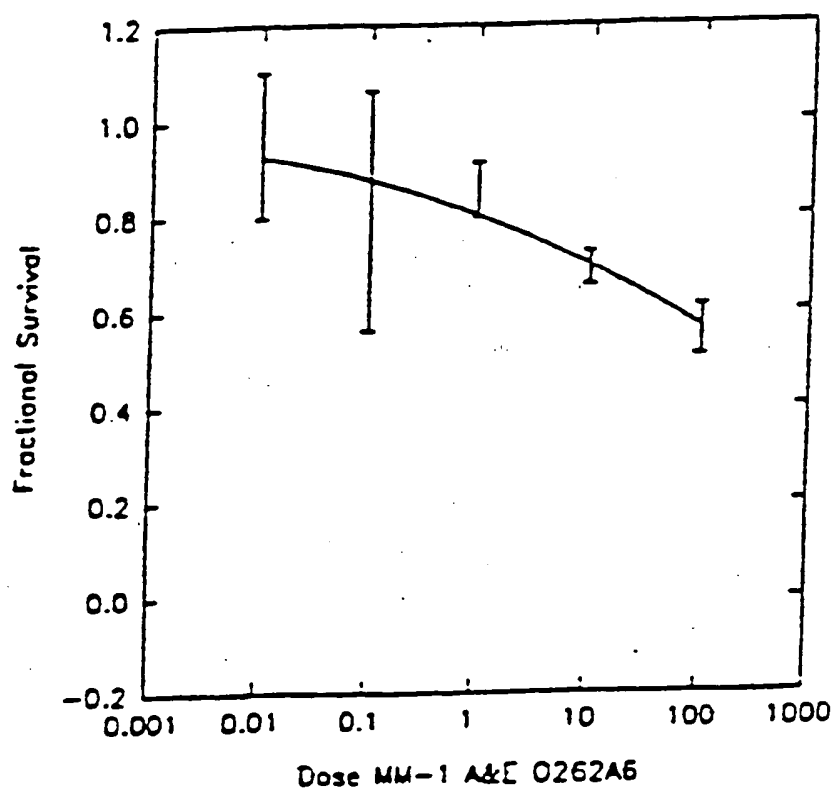


FIGURE 14

Dose-Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fraction D and the CCRF-CEM T-Cell Leukemia Cell Line

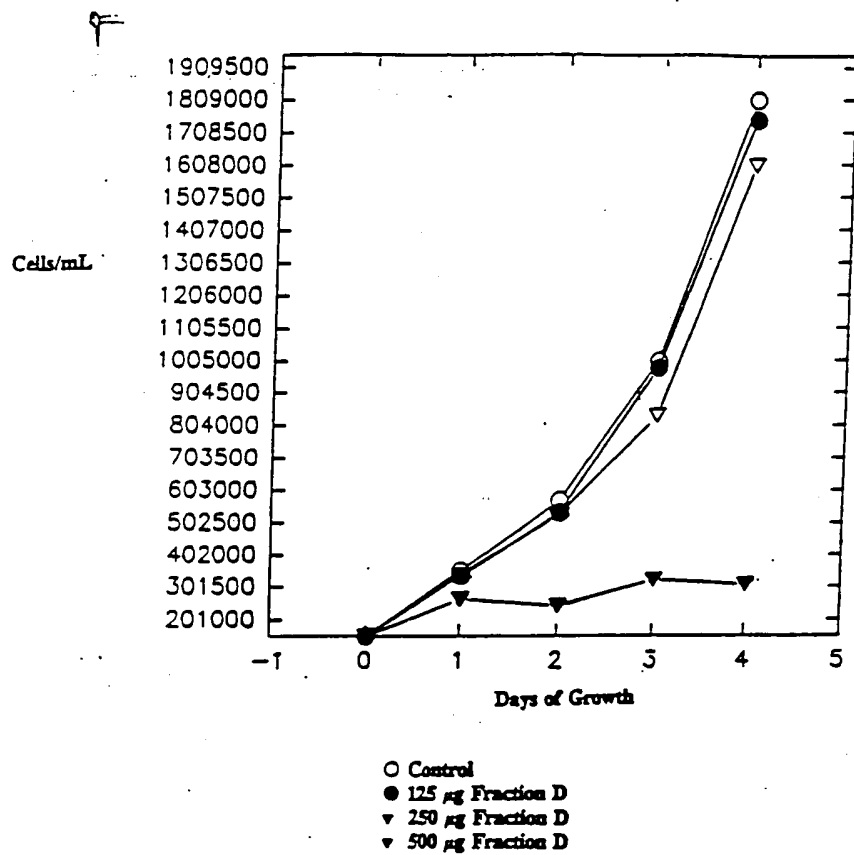


Figure 15 A: Comparison of XTT and Crystal Violet Cytotoxicity Assays
on MCF - 7 p168 cells Treated with Fraction D + E

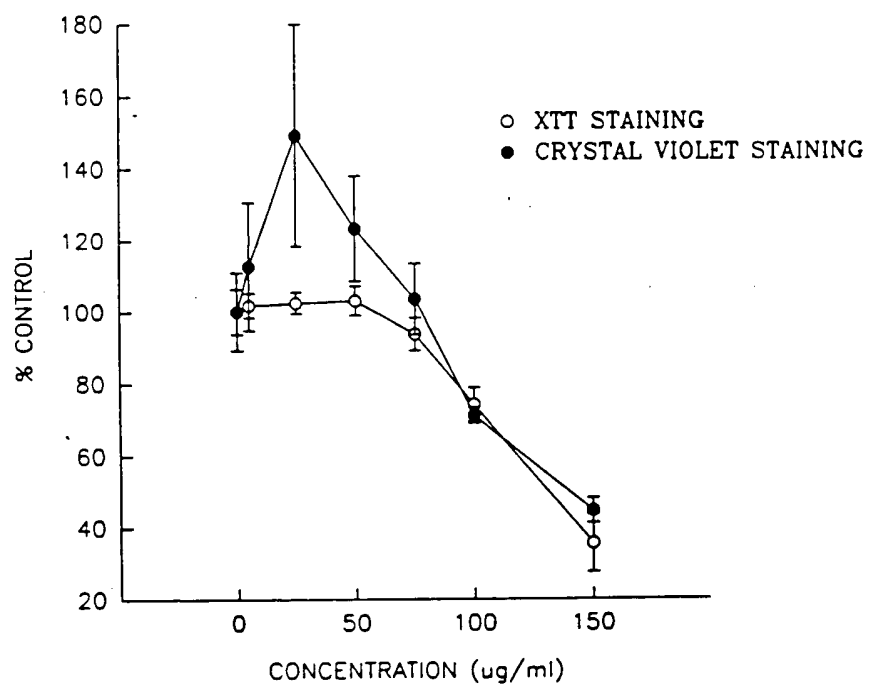
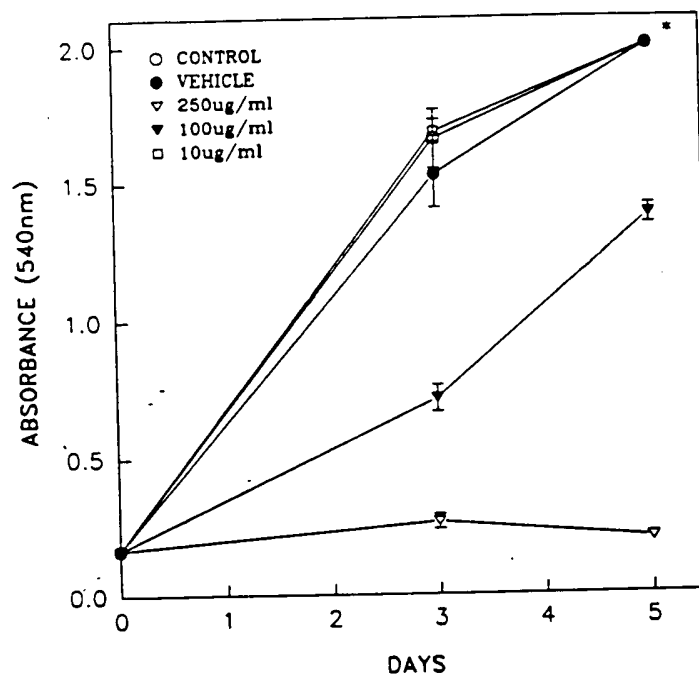


Figure 15 B: Dose Response for UIT-1 Crude Polyphenol Extract on MDA MB 231 Cells



* NOTE: ABSORBANCE OF 2.0 INDICATES THE MAXIMUM ABSORBANCE OF THE PLATE READER. IT IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF CELL NUMBER.

Figure 15 C: Dose Response for UIT-1 Crude Polyphenol Extract on PC-3 Cells

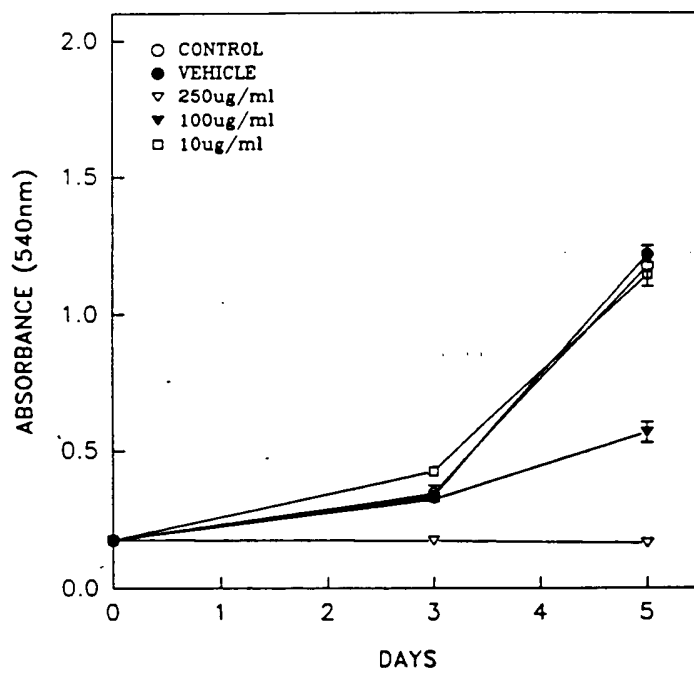
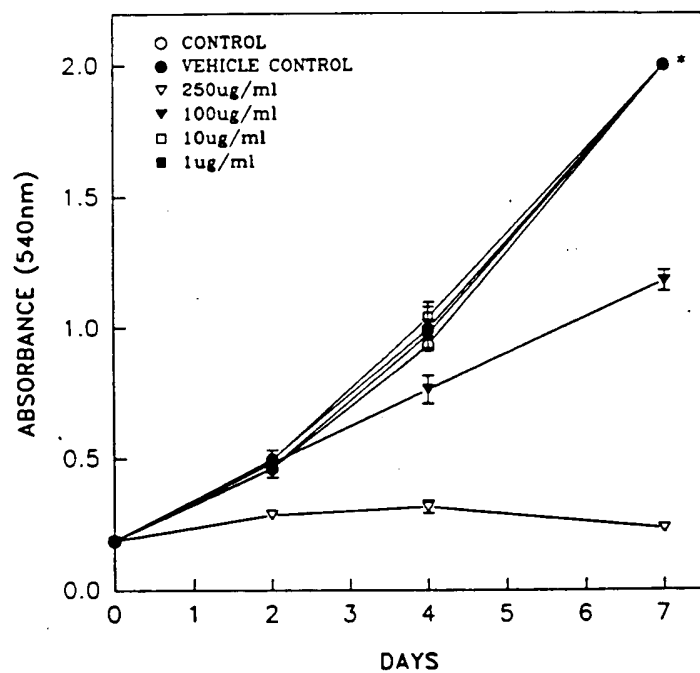


Figure 15 D: Dose Response for UIT-1 Crude Polyphenol Extract on MCF-7 p168 Cells



* NOTE: ABSORBANCE OF 2.0 INDICATES THE MAXIMUM ABSORBANCE OF THE PLATE READER. IT IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF CELL NUMBER.

○ CONTROL
● VEHICLE
▽ 250ug/ml
▼ 100ug/ml
□ 10ug/ml

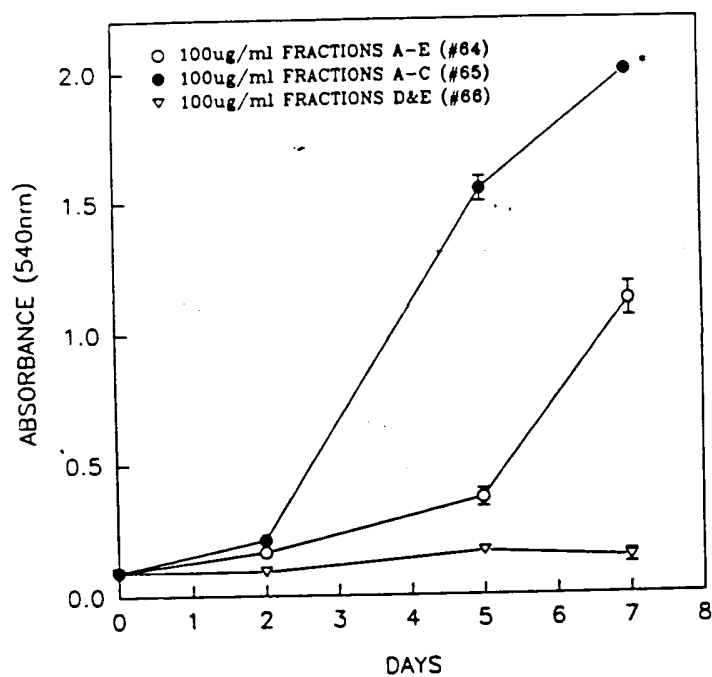
ABSORBANCE (540nm)

DAYS

DAYS	CONTROL	VEHICLE	250ug/ml	100ug/ml	10ug/ml
0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
3	1.35	0.15	1.3	1.3	1.4
5	2.0	2.0*	2.0	2.0	2.0

* NOTE: ABSORBANCE OF 2.0 INDICATES THE MAXIMUM ABSORBANCE OF THE PLATE READER. IT IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF CELL NUMBER.

Figure 15 F: Cytotoxicity of Cocoa Fractions at 100 μ L/mL on Hela Cells



* NOTE: ABSORBANCE OF 2.0 INDICATES THE MAXIMUM ABSORBANCE OF THE PLATE READER. IT IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF CELL NUMBER.

Figure 15 G: Cytotoxicity Of Cocoa Fractions at 100 μ L/mL on SKBR - 3 Cells

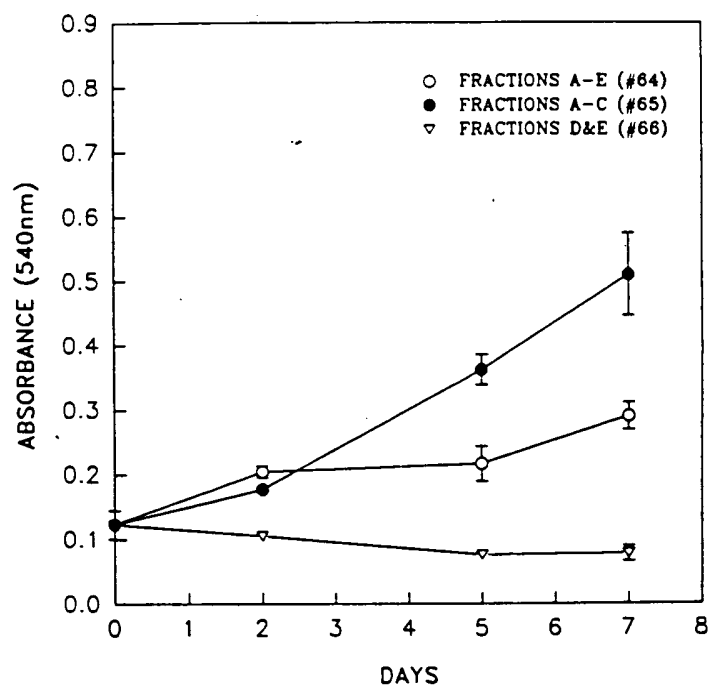


Figure 15 H: Dose Response for Cocoa Fraction D + E on Hela Cells

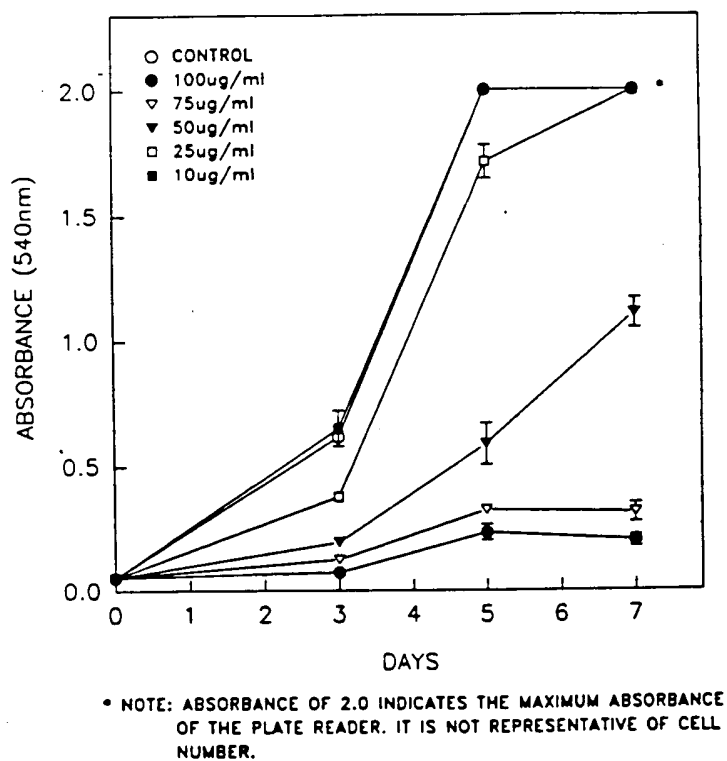


Figure 15 I: Dose Response for Cocoa Fraction D + E on SKBR - 3 Cells

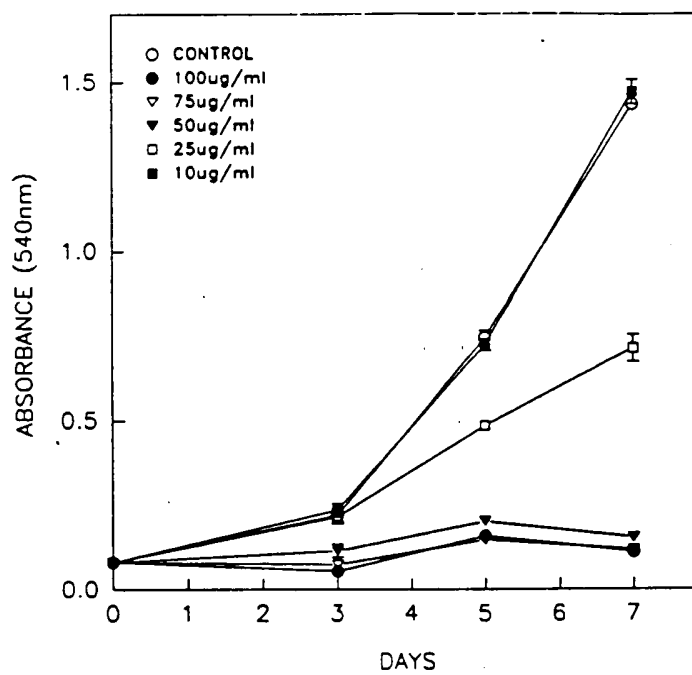


Figure 15 J: Dose Response for Cocoa Fraction D + E on Hela Cells by Soft Agar Cloning Assay

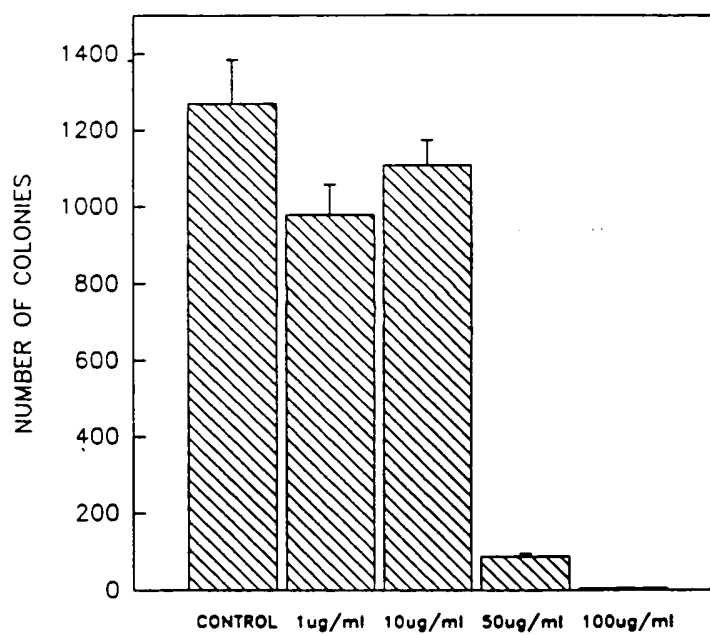
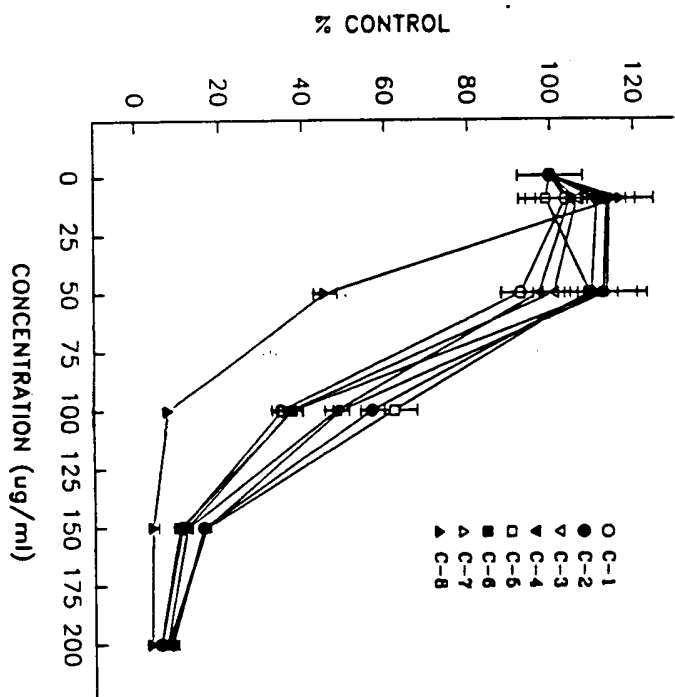


Figure 15 K: Growth Inhibition of Hela Cells by Crude Cocoa Extracts Prepared from Different Cocoa Genotypes



#	GENOTYPE	HORT. RACE	DESCRIPTION
C-1	UF-12	CRIOLO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF UF-12 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-2	NA-33	FORASTERO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF NA-33 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-3	EEG-48	FORASTERO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF EEG-48 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-4	UNKNOWN	FORASTERO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF UNKNOWN (W. AFRICAN) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-5	UF-613	TRINITARIO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF UF-613 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-6	KCS-100	TRINITARIO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF KCS-100 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-7	KCS-139	TRINITARIO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF KCS-139 (BRAZIL) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)
C-8	UIT-1	TRINITARIO	CRUDE EXTRACTS OF UIT-1 (MALAYSIA) COCOA POLYPHENOLS (DECAFFEINATED/DETHREOBROMINATED)

Figure 15 L: Growth Inhibition of Hela Cells by Cocoa Polyphenol Extracts Taken at Different Time Stages Throughout a Fermentation and Sun Drying Stage

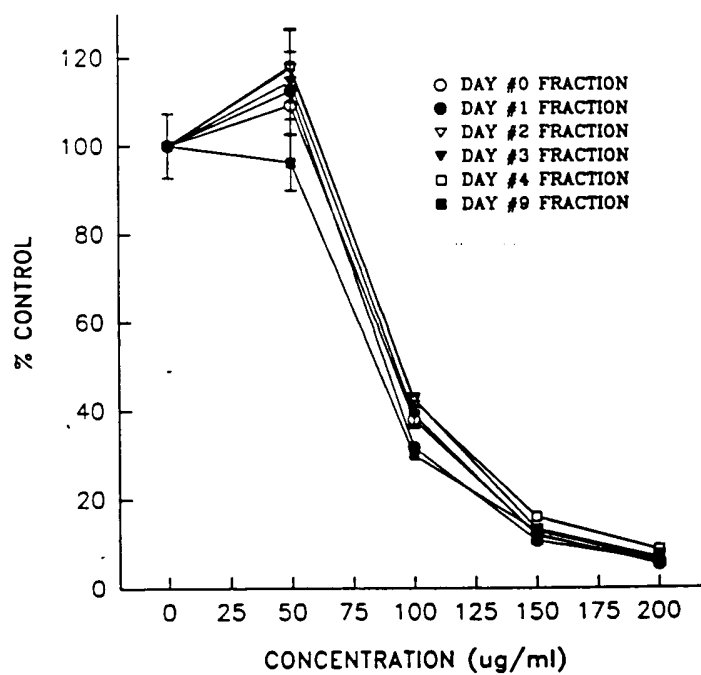


Figure 15 M: Dose Response for Polyphenol Oxidase Treated Crude Cocoa Polyphenol Extract

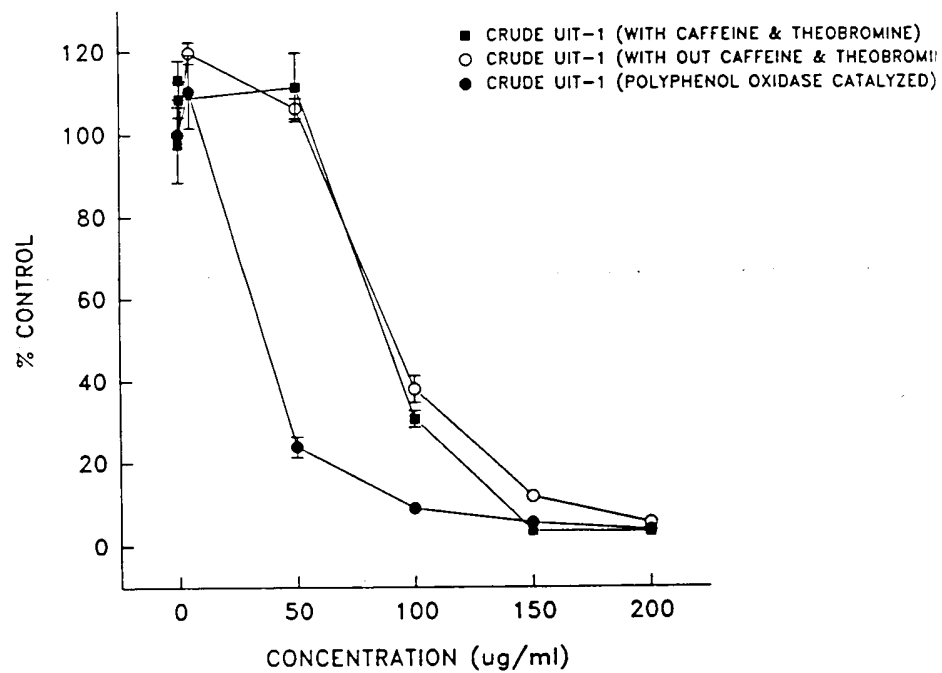


Figure 15 N: Reverse Phase Semi-Preparative HPLC Separation of Fraction D + E

HPLC Conditions: 60 x 10 mm 10u Phenomenex Ultracarb ODS (20)
guard column; 250 x 22.5 mm 10u Phenomenex
Ultracarb ODS (20) preparatory column

Gradient (Time, %A): (0.85), (60, 50), (90, 0),
(110, 0) where A = H₂O, and B = MeOH

Detector: HP1050 Multiwavelength detector @ 254nm
Recorder: Kipp & Zonen BD41
Collector: Pharmacia Frac 100
Flow rate: 5 mL/min

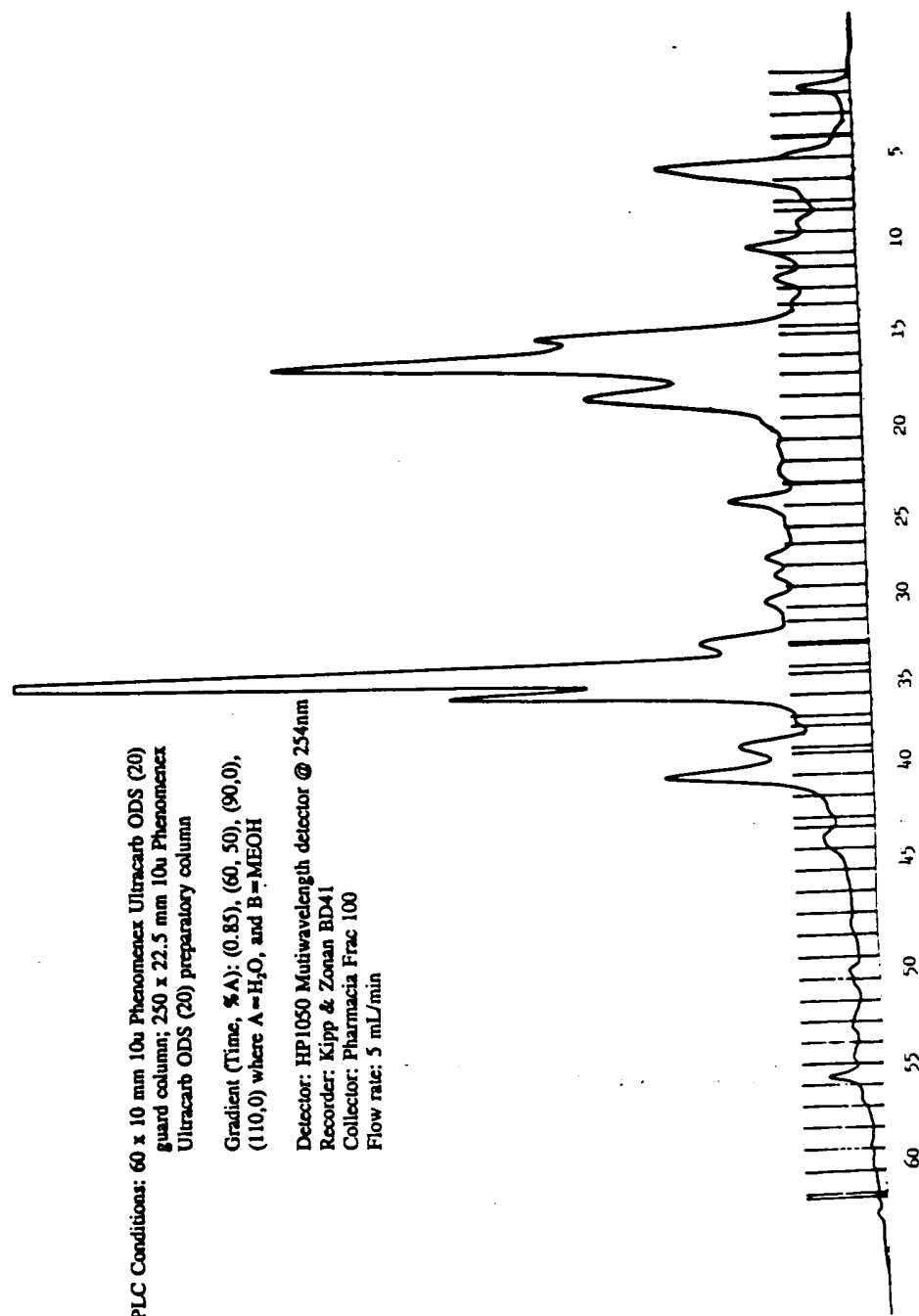
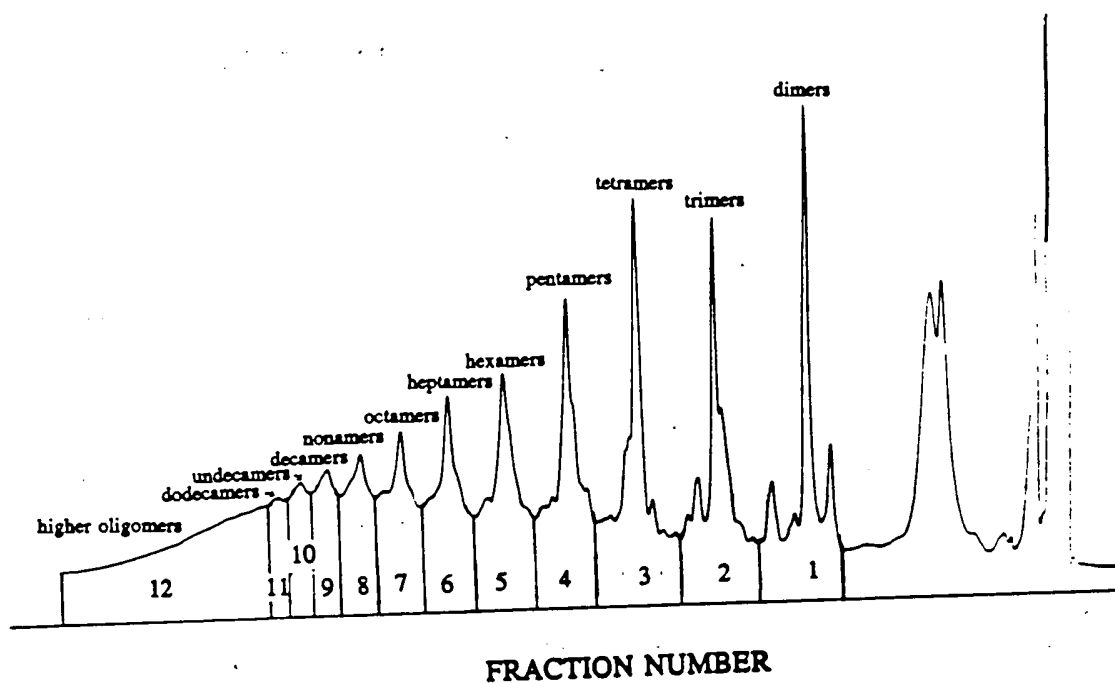


Figure 15 O: Normal Phase Semi-Preparative HPLC Separation of a Crude Cocoa Polyphenol Extract



HPLC Conditions: 250 x 10mm Supelcosil LC-Si (5 μ m) Semipreparative Column
 20 x 4.6mm Supelcosil LC-Si (5 μ m) Guard Column
 Gradient: Time (min) CH₂Cl₂ Methanol Acetic Acid/H₂O (1:1)

0	82	14	4
30	67.6	28.4	4
60	46	50	4
65	10	86	4
70	10	86	4

Detector: Waters LC Spectrophotometer Model 480 @ 254nm
 Flow rate: 3mL/min, ambient temperature
 250 μ L of 70% aqueous acetone extract injected

Figure 16. Rancimat Oxidation Curves for Cocoa Procyanidins and Synthetic Antioxidants

20 ppm Sample Set

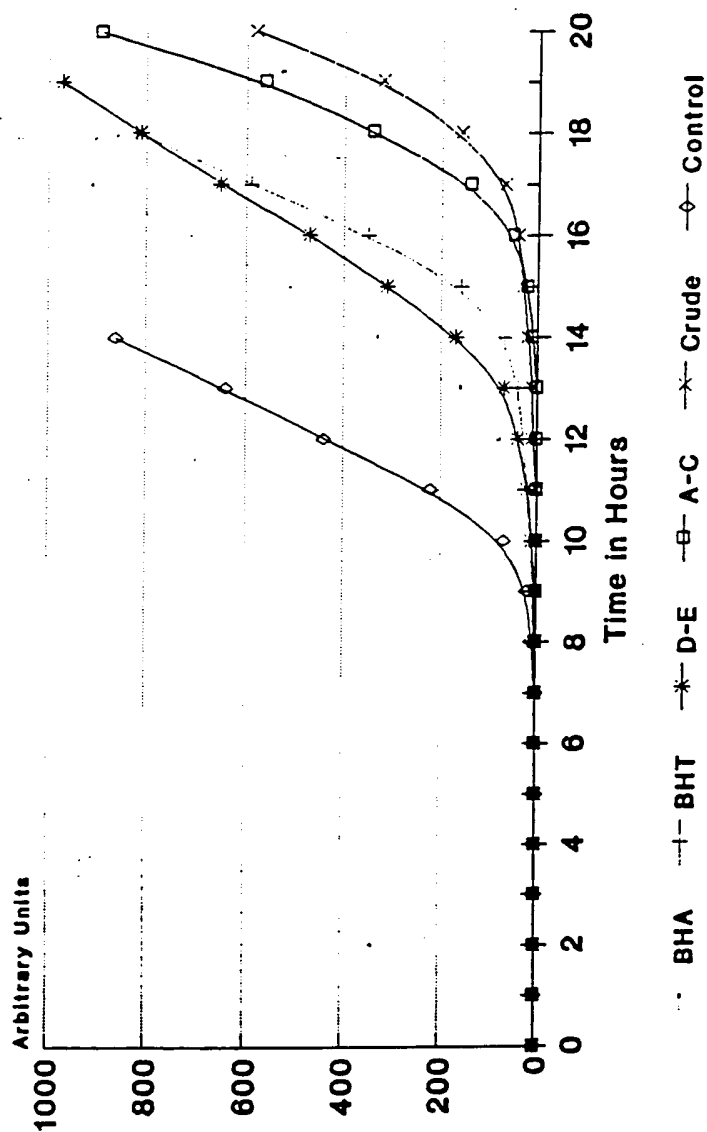
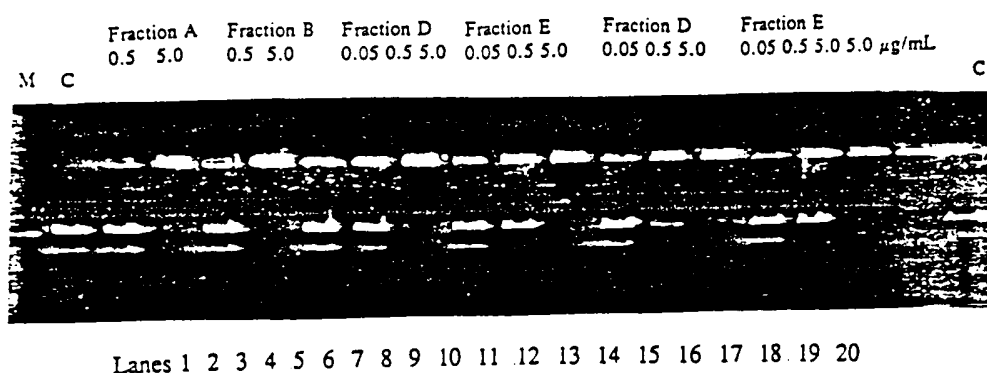


Figure 17. Inhibition of Topoisomerase II Catalyzed Decatenation of Kinetoplast DNA by Cocoa Procyanidin Fractions



Lane 1 contains 0.5 μg of marker (M) monomer-length kinetoplast DNA circles
 Lanes 2 and 20 contain kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 4% DMSO, but in the absence of any cocoa procyanidins. (Control -C)
 Lanes 3 and 4 contain kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 0.5 and 5.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ cocoa procyanidin fraction A.
 Lanes 5 and 6 contain kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 0.5 and 5.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ cocoa procyanidin fraction B.
 Lanes 7,8,9,13,14, and 15 are replicates of kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 0.05,0.5 and 5.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ cocoa procyanidin fraction D.
 Lanes 10,11,12,16,17, and 18 are replicates of kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 0.05,0.5 and 5.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ cocoa procyanidin fraction E.
 Lane 19 is a replicate of kinetoplast DNA that was incubated with Topoisomerase II in the presence of 5.0 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ cocoa procyanidin fraction E.

Figure 18. Dose Response Relationships Between Cocoa Procyanidin Fraction D and DNA Repair Competent and Deficient Cell Lines

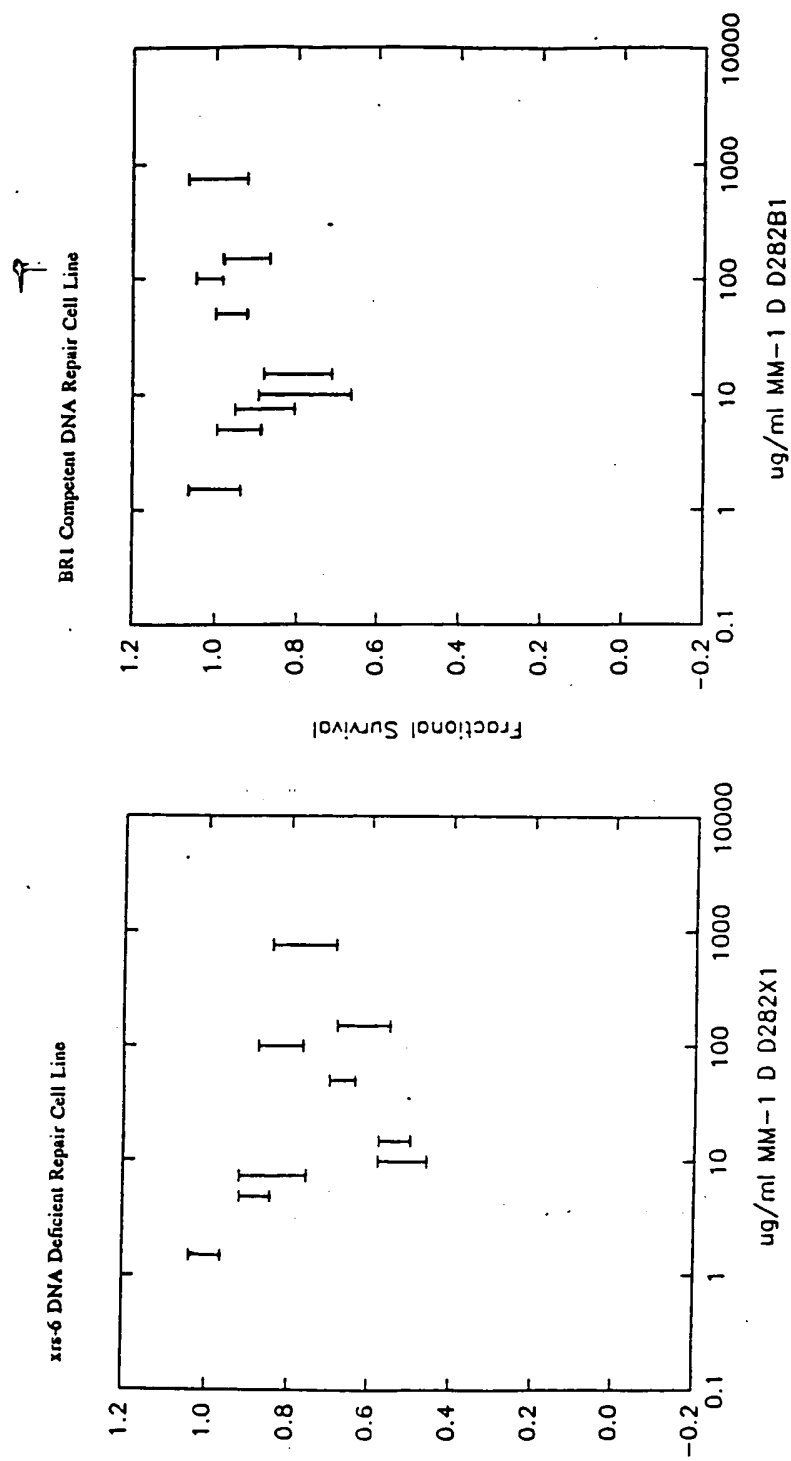


Figure 19: Dose Response Curve for Adriamycin Resistant MCF-7 Cells in Comparison to MCF-7 p168 Parental Cell Line with Cocoa Fraction D + E

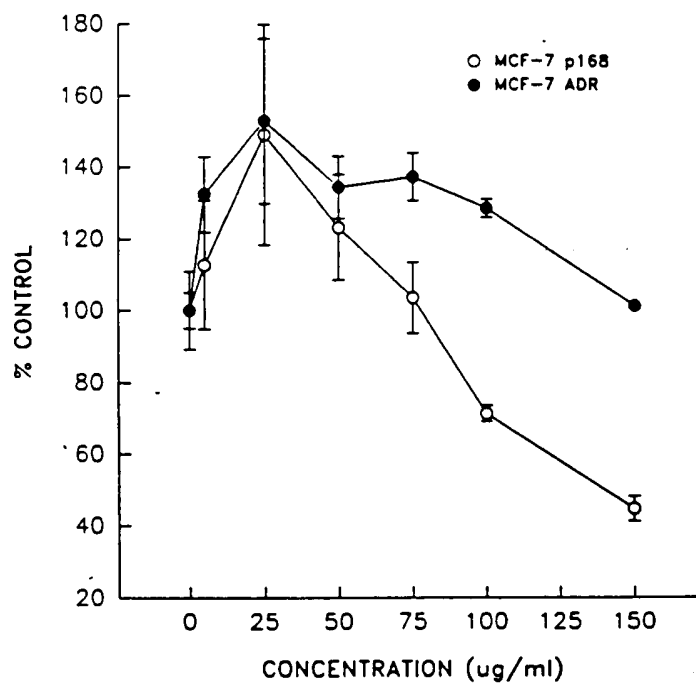


Figure 20: Dose Response Effect on Hela by Normal Phase Fractions

